

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND  
DELAWARE BSA, LLC<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)

(Jointly Administered)

Hearing Date: July 20, 2021 at 10:00 a.m. (ET)

Objection Deadline: July 13, 2021 at 4:00 p.m. (ET)

**DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER, PURSUANT TO  
SECTIONS 363(b) AND 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (I) AUTHORIZING  
THE DEBTORS TO ENTER INTO AND PERFORM UNDER THE RESTRUCTURING  
SUPPORT AGREEMENT, AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Boy Scouts of America (the “BSA”) and Delaware BSA, LLC, the non-profit corporations that are debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (together, the “Debtors”), submit this motion (this “Motion”), pursuant to sections 105(a) and 363(b) of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101–1532 (the “Bankruptcy Code”), and rule 6004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”), for entry of an order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “Proposed Order”), (i) authorizing the Debtors to enter into and perform under the Restructuring Support Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2021, by and among the Debtors, the Future Claimants’ Representative, the Coalition, the TCC, the AHCLC, and certain State Court Counsel (collectively, the “RSA Parties”), a copy of which is attached to the Proposed Order as **Exhibit 1** (together with all exhibits and schedules thereto, the “RSA”),<sup>2</sup> including, in connection therewith, determining that the Debtors have no obligation to

<sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are as follows: Boy Scouts of America (6300) and Delaware BSA, LLC (4311). The Debtors’ mailing address is 1325 West Walnut Hill Lane, Irving, Texas 75038.

<sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the RSA, including the Term Sheet attached thereto as Exhibit A, or the Amended Plan, as applicable.

seek approval of the Hartford Settlement, and (ii) granting certain related relief. In support of this Motion, the Debtors submit the declarations of Roger C. Mosby, President and Chief Executive Officer of the BSA (the “Mosby Declaration”), and Brian Whittman, a Managing Director with Alvarez & Marsal North America, LLC (the “Whittman Declaration”), which are filed contemporaneously herewith. In support of this Motion, the Debtors respectfully state as follows:

### **PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

1. After months of intensive negotiations, the Debtors have reached resolution with every single official and major creditor constituency in these chapter 11 cases. The Debtors now have a plan of reorganization that is supported by the Future Claimants’ Representative, the TCC, the Creditors’ Committee, JPM (the Debtors’ senior secured lender), the Coalition, and the AHCLC. Despite the previous distance between the parties’ positions, with the filing of the Amended Plan,<sup>3</sup> the terms of which are set forth in the RSA, the parties have found a way to heed the directives from the Court—(i) that “progress needs to be made” on a plan providing for global resolution in these chapter 11 cases (Mar. 17, 2021 Hr’g Tr. 49:4, 16–19), and (ii) recognizing that “to solicit a plan that has no abuse survivor support is not an attractive option, but neither is engaging in protracted litigation that has the potential to -- has the potential to end the Boy Scouts as it currently exists” (*See* May 19, 2021 Hr’g Tr. 100:24–101:3).

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<sup>3</sup> The Debtors intend to file a chapter 11 plan that will incorporate the terms of the RSA and Term Sheet and which is referred to herein as the “Amended Plan.” On April 13, 2021, the Debtors filed a second amended chapter 11 plan that incorporated a proposed “Global Resolution Plan,” along with what the Debtors have termed the “BSA Toggle Plan”—that provides an exit *only* for the Debtors from chapter 11 [D.I. 2592], to which the Debtors filed further proposed amendments on May 16, 2021 [D.I. 4107] (the “May 16 Plan”) prior to the hearing held on May 19, 2021 (the “May 19 Hearing”). The Debtors refer to the May 16 Plan in this Motion as the version of the plan that faced opposition from the Plaintiff Representatives (as defined herein). On June 18, 2021, the Debtors filed a third amended plan [D.I. 5368] (as may be subsequently amended, modified, or supplemented, the “June 18 Plan”) that incorporated certain of the terms agreed to by the RSA Parties at that time, which reflected the substantial progress made following the May 19 Hearing, but retained the BSA Toggle Plan concept and did not incorporate all of the Amended Plan terms as reflected in the RSA.

2. Gaining the support of such a substantial and diverse group of survivors represented by three separate groups (the Future Claimants' Representative, the TCC, and the Coalition, together, the "Plaintiff Representatives") as well as the other core creditors in these cases (the Creditors' Committee and JPM) has proven an enormous challenge. Through the Court-sanctioned mediation process, with the assistance of mediators Hon. Kevin J. Carey (Ret.), Paul A. Finn, and Timothy V.P. Gallagher, the Debtors have engaged in months of negotiations with their stakeholders to achieve consensus around a plan of reorganization that achieves the dual objectives that the Debtors set out to accomplish over one year ago. The resulting RSA will also facilitate a timely exit from chapter 11 without lengthy confirmation-related litigation with the Plaintiff Representatives. These tireless efforts on all sides have culminated in this Motion for approval of the RSA with the RSA Parties.

3. Importantly, the Amended Plan under the RSA now has the *significant* plaintiff support of representatives for approximately 60,000 abuse survivors,<sup>4</sup> and provides a framework for the global resolution of Abuse Claims, including third-party releases for the Local Councils and others that are essential to the Debtors' ability to continue to carry out the Scouting mission. In addition, the Amended Plan proposed under the RSA will maximize the value of the Debtors' estates for all creditors, permit the Debtors to avoid costly litigation with the Plaintiff Representatives, and preserve the charitable mission of the BSA. The relief sought herein is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and was negotiated in good faith and at arm's-length. The Debtors respectfully submit that the Court should approve the RSA as an exercise of the Debtors' reasonable business judgment under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

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<sup>4</sup> Approximately 82,500 unique abuse proofs of claim were filed as of the November 16, 2020 bar date established for filing sexual abuse proofs of claim against the Debtors.

### **STATUS OF THE CASES AND JURISDICTION**

4. The Debtors commenced these cases on February 18, 2020 (the “Petition Date”), and they continue to operate their non-profit organization and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. These chapter 11 cases are being jointly administered for procedural purposes only pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 1015(b) and rule 1015-1 of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Local Rules”).

5. On March 5, 2020, the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware (the “U.S. Trustee”) appointed the TCC and the Creditors’ Committee pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code.

6. On April 24, 2020, the Court appointed James L. Patton, Jr. as the representative of future abuse claimants pursuant to sections 105(a) and 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7. The Court has jurisdiction to consider this Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, dated February 29, 2012. This is a core proceeding within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), and the Debtors confirm their consent, pursuant to Local Rule 9013-1(f), to the entry of a final order or judgment by the Court in connection with this Motion if it is determined that the Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments in connection herewith consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

8. The statutory and other bases for the relief requested in this Motion are sections 105(a) and 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 6004.

## **BACKGROUND**

### **I. Overview of Mediation and Plan Negotiations**

9. Throughout these chapter 11 cases, the Debtors have engaged in negotiations with numerous mediation parties regarding a consensual plan that would maximize the value of the Debtors' estates for the benefit of all stakeholders. These negotiations intensified during 2021 in the context of informal negotiations, countless hours of telephonic and video mediation sessions, and in-person mediation.<sup>5</sup> At the most recent mediation sessions, including following the May 19 Hearing to consider the Debtors' request to extend their exclusivity period (the "Exclusivity Motion"), the Debtors made progress toward a consensual plan of reorganization that would garner the support of the creditor constituencies representing the majority of the holders of Direct Abuse Claims. Those negotiations continued and have culminated in the consensual terms of the RSA.

### **II. Terms of the RSA**

10. The RSA provides for the Plaintiff Representatives' agreement to an amended plan of reorganization that provides substantial value, including increased contributions from the BSA and the Local Councils. Whittman Decl. ¶ 5. The Amended Plan also provides: (i) as part of the Local Council Settlement Contribution, an additional \$100 million variable-payment obligation note issued by a Delaware statutory trust (or other appropriate entity) formed on the Effective Date, and (ii) resolves or stays the Restricted Assets Adversary, the Estimation Matters, and the Exclusivity Motion. These significant additional economic and non-economic terms and the avoidance of costly, time-consuming and heavily fact-intensive discovery present the Debtors with ample justification for entry into the RSA under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. *Id.* The

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<sup>5</sup> In addition to numerous telephonic and video sessions formal in-person mediation sessions were held on (i) March 30–April 1, 2021 in Miami; (ii) May 4–6, May 26–27, and June 7–10, 2021 in New York City; and (ii) June 2–3, 2021 in Chicago.

RSA also provides the Debtors with the support of approximately 60,000 abuse survivors to commence solicitation on a plan.

11. For the avoidance of doubt, the Debtors are not seeking approval of the settlements embodied in the Amended Plan at this time. The key terms and provisions of the Amended Plan proposed under the RSA will include the following:<sup>6</sup>

Plan Term	Summary
<b>BSA Settlement Trust Contribution</b>	<p>The BSA Settlement Trust Contribution includes:</p> <p>(A) all of the Net Unrestricted Cash and Investments, which are forecasted to total approximately \$90 million subject to potential variance depending upon the timing of the Effective Date;</p> <p>(B) the BSA Settlement Trust Note in the principal amount of \$80 million with a second-lien security interest, subject to the terms set forth in the Term Sheet;</p> <p>(C) the Artwork, at a mutually agreed value of \$59.0 million;</p> <p>(D) the estimated \$11.6 million from sale-leaseback of the Warehouse and Distribution Center (or the contribution of such property to the Settlement Trust and sale-leaseback thereof to Reorganized BSA);</p> <p>(E) the Oil and Gas Interests at a mutually agreed value of \$7.6 million; and</p> <p>(F) the \$1.962 million of net proceeds from the sale of Scouting University.</p>
<b>Non-Monetary Commitments</b>	The BSA shall make certain non-monetary commitments, including, without limitation, youth protection measures, reporting, formation of a Child Protection Committee, and information sharing related to Abuse Claims, as set forth in full in the Term Sheet.
<b>Settlement of Restricted and Core Asset Disputes</b>	The Coalition, TCC and Future Claimants' Representative acknowledge and agree that the BSA Settlement Trust Contribution shall be made in consideration for, among other things, the compromise and settlement of any and all disputes concerning the Debtors' restricted and/or core assets, including the claims asserted in the adversary proceeding (the " <u>Restricted Assets Adversary</u> ") filed by the TCC in the adversary proceeding entitled <i>Official Tort Claimants' Committee of Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC v. Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC</i> , Adv. Pro. No. 21-50032 (LSS).
<b>Local Council Settlement Contribution</b>	<p>The Local Council Settlement Contribution shall include:</p> <p>(i) at least \$300 million of cash to be paid on the Effective Date,</p> <p>(ii) Unrestricted properties with a combined Appraised Value of \$200 million (the "<u>Property Contribution</u>"), which shall be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by any cash payment amount in excess of the \$300 million, <i>provided that</i> the methodology and procedures related to property selection and acceptance are provided for as set forth in full in the Term Sheet; and</p>

<sup>6</sup> This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the provisions of the RSA. To the extent that any discrepancies exist between the summary described in this Motion and the terms of the RSA, the RSA shall govern.

	(iii) a \$100 million interest-bearing variable-payment obligation note (the “ <u>DST Note</u> ”) issued by a Delaware statutory trust on as soon as practicable after the Effective Date.
<b>Contributing Chartered Organization Settlement Contribution</b>	The Parties shall work in good faith to develop a protocol for addressing participation by Chartered Organizations in the benefits of the Channeling Injunction. Such settlements may occur prior to the Effective Date with the consent of all Parties.
<b>Assignment of Claims and Defense / Waiver of Claims</b>	The Debtors, the Local Councils and any other party that is or becomes a Protected Party shall assign any and all Claims and defenses to the Settlement Trust that arise from or relate to Abuse Claims. Except for the right to seek reimbursement set forth in the Term Sheet, the Debtors, the Local Councils, and any other party that is or becomes a Protected Party shall be forever barred from seeking compensation from the Settlement Trust for or on account of any Claims arising prior to the Petition Date.
<b>Hartford Settlement</b>	On June 9, 2021, the Coalition, the Future Claimants’ Representative, and the TCC sent a joint letter to the Debtors stating that they would not support any plan of reorganization or separate motion/settlement that seeks approval of the Hartford Settlement and requesting that the Debtors not go forward with any such plan of reorganization or motion/settlement. In connection with this request, the Debtors shall seek a determination of the Bankruptcy Court that the Debtors have no obligations under the Hartford Settlement.
<b>Transfer of Insurance Rights to the Settlement Trust</b>	Subject to certain conditions in the Term Sheet, on the Effective Date, the Debtors and any Local Council and/or Chartered Organization that is a Protected Party shall delegate to the Settlement Trust exclusive control over, transfer and assign all rights, claims, benefits or causes of action, including the right to receive proceeds held by such party with respect to any insurance policy that provides coverage for Abuse Claims, settlement agreements or coverage in-place agreements, and any receivables due such party from insurance companies arising out of or relating to Abuse Claims.
<b>Reimbursement</b>	The Indemnification by Settlement Trust provisions set forth in Article IV.I of the June 18 Plan shall be deleted and restated to provide that from and after the Effective Date, the Settlement Trust shall reimburse, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, Reorganized BSA and each of the Local Councils for any documented out-of-pocket, losses, costs, and expenses (including, without limitation, judgments, attorney’s fees and expenses) incurred by Reorganized BSA or any Local Council after the Effective Date attributable to the defense of an Abuse Claim that is channeled to the Settlement Trust if the holder of such Abuse Claim seeks to hold Reorganized BSA or such Local Council liable for such Abuse Claim in violation of the Confirmation Order, as set forth in the Term Sheet.
<b>Channeling Injunction</b>	The Channeling Injunction set forth in Article X.F of the June 18 Plan shall be modified to permit litigation in the tort system consistent with the terms of the TDP. After the Effective Date, a party shall not become a Protected Party absent the consent of the Settlement Trustee, the Settlement Trust Advisory Committee, and the Future Claimants’ Representative.
<b>TDP Claim Values</b>	The values of categories of Direct Abuse Claims shall be consistent with and based on available evidence, including the Debtors’ historical settlement data and other settlements involving abuse claims (the “ <u>TDP Claim Values</u> ”), which shall be subject to adjustments as set forth in the TDP. In connection with the confirmation of the Amended Plan, the Debtors shall seek approval of the TDP Claim Values and related procedures (as set forth in the TDP).
<b>Trust Distribution Procedures (TDP)</b>	The TDP shall be filed with the RSA. The TDP shall be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and cannot be modified without the consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
<b>Timing</b>	The Parties shall request that the Bankruptcy Court hear the RSA Motion, the Amended Disclosure Statement, the Case Management Motion, and the Solicitation Procedures at the



	hearing scheduled for July 20–21, 2021 or as soon thereafter as the Bankruptcy Court may agree.
<b>Coalition Professional and Advisory Fees</b>	<p>Following the effective date of the RSA, for so long as the RSA remains in full force and effect and subject to the Monthly Fee Cap (as defined below), the Debtors shall pay the reasonable, documented and contractual professional fees and expenses of (i) Brown Rudnick LLP, (ii) Robbins, Russell, Englert, Orseck &amp; Untereiner LLP, (iii) Monzack, Mersky and Browder, P.A., (iv) Province, and (v) Parsons, Farnell &amp; Grein, LLP (the “<u>Coalition Professionals</u>”), on a monthly basis promptly following the Debtors’ receipt of a summary of invoices.</p> <p>For professional fees and expenses incurred from the effective date of the RSA until the Effective Date of the Amended Plan, the Coalition Professionals’ fees and expenses shall be limited to \$950,000 per month (pro-rated for any partial month) (the “<u>Monthly Fee Cap</u>”), <i>provided, however</i>, that any unused portion of the Monthly Fee Cap for any such month may be carried forward or carried back to and utilized in any subsequent or prior monthly period.</p> <p>Upon the Effective Date, the Debtors shall reimburse State Court Counsel for amounts they have paid to the Coalition Professionals for, and/or pay the Coalition Professionals for, amounts payable by State Court Counsel but not yet paid to Coalition Professionals for, reasonable, documented and contractual professional and advisory fees and expenses incurred by the Coalition Professionals from July 24, 2020 to and including the Effective Date up to an aggregate amount of \$10.5 million (the “<u>Plan Effective Date Cap</u>”), and amounts otherwise payable in excess thereof shall be payable, if at all, by the Settlement Trust after the Effective Date. For the avoidance of doubt, fees and expenses paid on monthly basis following the effective date of the RSA shall not count against or reduce the Plan Effective Date Cap.</p>
<b>Findings and Orders</b>	<p>The Amended Plan and Confirmation Order shall contain the following provisions, findings and orders, as applicable in substantially the form set forth below (the “<u>Findings and Orders</u>”):</p> <p>(A) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Amended Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding on all parties in interest;</p> <p>(B) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that (i) the procedures included in the TDP pertaining to the allowance of Abuse Claims and (ii) the criteria included in the TDP pertaining to the calculation of the Allowed Claim Amounts, including the TDP’s Claims Matrix, Base Matrix Values, Maximum Matrix Values, and Scaling Factors, are fair and reasonable based on the evidentiary record offered to the Bankruptcy Court;</p> <p>(C) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the right to payment that the holder of an Abuse Claim has against the Debtors or another Protected Party is the allowed value of such Abuse Claim as liquidated in accordance with the TDP and is not (i) the initial or supplemental payment percentages established under the TDP to make distributions to holders of allowed Abuse Claims or (ii) the contributions made by the Debtors or any Protected Party to the Settlement Trust;</p> <p>(D) the Bankruptcy Code authorizes the Insurance Assignment as provided in the Amended Plan, notwithstanding any terms of any policies or provisions of non-bankruptcy law that is argued to prohibit the delegation, assignment, or other transfer of such rights, and the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Settlement Trust is a proper defendant for Abuse Claims to assert the liability of the Protected Parties to trigger such insurance rights; and</p> <p>(E) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Plan and the TDP were proposed in good faith and are sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.</p>
<b>Insurance Settlements</b>	Any settlement with any Insurance Company prior to or in connection with the Amended Plan shall be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court and/or the District Court, and the express written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative.



	For the avoidance of doubt, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative do not consent to the Hartford Settlement and the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative will not support any plan that includes that settlement and its approval. The Amended Plan shall not incorporate any settlement with Hartford unless such settlement is acceptable to the Debtors, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative. Post-Effective Date Settlements making Insurers Protected Parties may be approved on the terms and conditions set forth in the Settlement Trust Agreement.
<b>Turnover of Records/ Transfer of Privileges</b>	The Parties shall enter into a Document Agreement that provides, among other things, that on or before the Effective Date, the Debtors and any party that is a beneficiary of the Channeling Injunction shall be required to turn over to the Settlement Trust all records and documents in their control pertaining to the Abuse Claims. As to such records, the Settlement Trust shall succeed to and hold all rights related to the Debtors' and the Local Councils' privileges.
<b>Settlement Trustee</b>	The Settlement Trustee shall be Eric D. Green and will be appointed by the Bankruptcy Court.
<b>Settlement Trust Advisory Committee</b>	The Settlement Trust Advisory Committee (the " <b>STAC</b> ") shall be composed of seven (7) individuals, five (5) of which shall be selected by the Coalition and two (2) of which shall be selected by the TCC. The STAC members shall be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors. The commencement or continuation of a STAC Tort Election Claim (as defined in Article XII.B of the TDP) and the approval of any global settlement after the Effective Date that causes an Insurance Company or a Chartered Organization to become a Protected Party must be approved by the Settlement Trustee, the Future Claimants' Representative and the majority of the STAC.  The refusal of any of the foregoing to (i) authorize the commencement or continuation of a STAC Tort Election Claim or (ii) approve a global settlement after the Effective Date that causes an Insurance Company or a Chartered Organization to become a Protected Party shall be subject to immediate review under the standard set forth in the Settlement Trust Agreement by the Honorable Diane M. Welsh (Ret.) if three (3) members of the STAC so require.
<b>Future Claimants' Representative</b>	The initial Future Claimants' Representative to represent the interests of holders of Future Abuse Claims shall be James L. Patton, Jr.

12. The RSA contemplates a "Support Period" commencing on the date that the executed RSA is filed with the Court and ending on the earlier of (i) the date on which the RSA is terminated in accordance with its terms and (ii) the Effective Date of the Amended Plan. The Debtors have agreed to use reasonable efforts to propose and pursue the Amended Plan and seek confirmation of the Amended Plan incorporating the terms of the Settlement prior to the termination dates set forth below.

13. In addition to the Support Period set forth above, the RSA contains the following material terms:

<b>RSA Term</b>	<b>Summary</b>
<b>Agreements of the Debtors</b>	Subject to the terms of the RSA, the Debtors agree to certain affirmative covenants related to, among other things, proposal and pursuit of (i) the Amended Plan and Confirmation Order, (ii) the Settlement and all transactions contemplated under the RSA, (iii) the RSA Approval

	<p>Order on or before the RSA Deadline, (iv) payment of the fees and expenses of the Coalition Professionals and reimbursement of State Court Counsel for amounts paid to the Coalition Professionals and/or pay Coalition Professionals for amounts payable by State Court Counsel, (v) a Bankruptcy Court determination the Debtors have no obligations under the Hartford Settlement, (vi) provision of an experience study conducted by the Pension Plan actuary by no later than July 31, 2021, and (vii) upon entry of the Confirmation Order, the effective date of the Amended Plan. A full listing of all affirmative covenants of the Debtors is set forth in Section II.A of the RSA.</p> <p>Subject to the terms of the RSA, the Debtors agree to certain negative covenants related to, among other things, proposal and pursuit of (i) a plan or confirmation order that is not materially consistent with the terms of the RSA and Amended Plan, (ii) a confirmation order that does not incorporate the Settlement, (iii) settlements with any Insurance Company without prior written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, and (iv) actions or encouragement of action by any entity that are not consistent with the RSA. A full listing of all negative covenants of the Debtors is set forth in Section II.B of the RSA.</p>
<b>Fiduciary Out</b>	Notwithstanding anything in the RSA to the contrary, no term or condition of the RSA, the Settlement, the Amended Plan or the TDP shall require the Debtors to take or refrain from taking any action that the Debtors determine in good faith would be inconsistent with their fiduciary duties under applicable law, as further described in Section II.C of the RSA.
<b>Agreements of the AHCLC</b>	Subject to the terms of the RSA, for the duration of the Support Period, the AHCLC and its members shall use reasonable efforts to persuade Local Councils chartered by the Debtors to commit to contribute the aggregate amount set forth in the Term Sheet on the terms set forth in the Term Sheet. A full listing of agreements of the AHCLC is set forth in Section III of the RSA.
<b>Agreements of the Coalition, TCC, State Court Counsel and/or Future Claimants' Representative</b>	<p>Subject to the terms of the RSA, during the duration of the Support Period, State Court Counsel agree to certain affirmative covenants to, among other things, (i) use reasonable efforts to advise and recommend to their respective clients (who hold Direct Abuse Claims) to vote to accept the Amended Plan; (ii) use reasonable efforts to support and cooperate with the Debtors and other Parties to obtain confirmation of the Amended Plan and any other approvals necessary for the confirmation or effectiveness of the Amended Plan, (iii) for those State Court Counsel that have elected to complete Master Ballots, timely submit Master Ballots reflecting the votes cast by their respective clients; (iv) for those State Court Counsel with clients who have elected to directly submit their Ballots, use reasonable efforts to cause those clients to timely submit those Ballots reflecting the votes cast by such clients; (v) provide information to counsel that are not Parties to the RSA to make a meaningful and informed participation and voting decision on the Amended Plan, <i>provided</i> that nothing in this provision shall be deemed to authorize the disclosure of information subject to mediation privilege or any other applicable privileges or protections; (vi) seek a stay of the Estimation Matters pending the confirmation of the Amended Plan, it being expressly understood that the Estimation Matters will become moot if the Amended Plan is confirmed; and (vii) seek a stay of the Restricted Assets Adversary in a manner consistent with the Term Sheet, it being expressly understood that the Restricted Assets Adversary will become moot if the Amended Plan is confirmed. A full listing of all affirmative covenants of the State Court Counsel is set forth in Section IV.A of the RSA.</p> <p>Subject to the terms of the RSA, the Coalition, the TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative agree to certain affirmative covenants to, among other things, (i) support and cooperate with the Debtors in good faith in connection with the negotiation, drafting, execution, delivery and filing of Definitive Documents; (ii) support and cooperate with the Debtors to obtain confirmation of the Amended Plan and any other approvals necessary for the confirmation or effectiveness of the Amended Plan; (iii) obtain a stay of the Restricted Assets Adversary consistent with the provisions of the Term Sheet, it being expressly understood that the Restricted Assets Adversary will become moot if the Amended Plan is confirmed; (iv) obtain a stay of the Estimation Matters pending confirmation of the Amended Plan, it being expressly understood that the Estimation Matters will become moot if the Amended Plan is confirmed; (v) withdraw any objections to</p>

	<p>the extension of the Debtors' exclusive plan filing and solicitation periods and support the extension thereof to the maximum extent permitted under section 1121(d)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; and (vi) support the extension of the "Standstill Period" under the Preliminary Injunction Order up to and including the Effective Date of the Amended Plan. A full listing of all affirmative covenants of the Coalition, the TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative is set forth in Section IV.B of the RSA.</p> <p>Subject to the terms of the RSA, the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel and Future Claimants' Representative agreed to certain negative covenants to, among other things, refrain from (i) objecting to or delaying in any way acceptance, confirmation, affirmation or implementation of the Amended Plan, including, without limitation, support any request to terminate the Debtors' exclusive periods to file or solicit a plan of reorganization; (ii) soliciting approval or acceptance of, encourage, propose, file, support, or participate in the formulation of or vote for, any restructuring, sale of assets, merger, workout, or plan of reorganization for the Debtors other than the Amended Plan or any settlement of Abuse Claims against the Debtors other than as set forth herein; (iii) associating with any co-counsel with respect to the representation of any holder of a Direct Abuse Claim unless such co-counsel agrees to become, and in fact becomes, a joining party to the RSA; (iv) otherwise taking any action that would interfere with, delay, impede, or postpone (a) the solicitation of acceptances, consummation, or implementation of the Amended Plan, or (b) the entry or effectiveness of the RSA Approval Order; (v) taking any actions, or failing to take any actions, where such taking or failing to take actions would be, in either case, (a) materially inconsistent with the RSA or (b) otherwise materially inconsistent with, or reasonably expected to prevent, interfere with, delay or impede the implementation or consummation of, the Amended Plan or the Settlement; or (vi) encouraging any entity to undertake any action prohibited by Section IV.C of the RSA. A full listing of all negative covenants of the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and Future Claimants' Representative is set forth in Section IV.C of the RSA.</p>
<b>Termination</b>	<p><u>Automatic Termination.</u> The RSA will terminate automatically as to all Parties if, (i) the Effective Date fails to occur on or before May 31, 2022 or (ii) the RSA Approval Order is not entered on or before the RSA Deadline; <i>provided</i> that the deadlines set forth in items (i) and (ii) of the foregoing may be extended by written consent of the Debtors, the AHCLC, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative.</p> <p><u>Termination by Coalition, TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative.</u> The Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative may each terminate the RSA as set forth in Section V.D of the RSA, in each case upon delivery of written notice to the Debtors at any time after the occurrence of or during the continuation of any of the following events (each, a "<u>Creditor Termination Event</u>"): </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) the material breach by the Debtors or the AHCLC of any of their obligations, representations, warranties, or covenants set forth in the RSA;</li> <li>(ii) the Debtors at any time either (A) fail to propose and pursue an Amended Plan and Confirmation Order that contain the terms of the Settlement, including the Findings and Orders, and are otherwise consistent with the terms hereof, or (B) propose, pursue or support or announce in writing or in court an intention to propose, pursue or support a plan of reorganization or confirmation order inconsistent with the terms of the Settlement, the terms hereof, the Amended Plan or the TDP;</li> <li>(iii) the Bankruptcy Court allows a plan proponent other than the Debtors to commence soliciting votes on a plan other than the Amended Plan incorporating the Settlement, and the Debtors have not already solicited, been authorized to solicit, or are not simultaneously soliciting, votes on the Amended Plan incorporating the Settlement;</li> <li>(iv) the Bankruptcy Court confirms a plan other than the Amended Plan;</li> </ul>

	<p>(v) (A) the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Debtors must adhere to the terms of the Hartford Settlement and (B) the Debtors and Hartford have failed to reach an agreement that is acceptable to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative;</p> <p>(vi) after the RSA Deadline, the Debtors, absent the prior written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, propose, pursue, solicit votes on, or support any plan or confirmation order that incorporates the Hartford Settlement, seek the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Hartford Settlement, or cause, directly or indirectly, the Hartford Settlement to become effective;</p> <p>(vii) the result of the 2021 Experience Study is a net increase in liabilities under the Pension Plan of 1.0% or more (<i>provided</i> that this Creditor Termination Event may not be exercised after August 6, 2021);</p> <p>(viii) the issuance, promulgation, or enactment by any governmental entity, including any regulatory or licensing authority or court of competent jurisdiction (including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court which has not been stayed), of any statute, regulation, ruling or order declaring the Amended Plan or any material portion thereof (in each case, to the extent it relates to the Settlement or the terms hereof) to be unenforceable or enjoining or otherwise restricting the consummation of any material portion of the Amended Plan (to the extent it relates to the Settlement) or the Settlement, and such ruling, judgment, or order has not been stayed, reversed, or vacated, within fifteen (15) calendar days after issuance;</p> <p>(ix) a trustee under section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code or an examiner with expanded powers shall have been appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases; or</p> <p>(x) an order for relief under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been entered in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Chapter 11 Cases shall have been dismissed, in each case by order of the Bankruptcy Court.</p> <p><u>Termination by Debtors / AHCLC.</u> The Debtors or the AHCLC may terminate the RSA as set forth in Section V.C of the RSA, in each case upon delivery of written notice to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative at any time after the occurrence of or during the continuation of any of the following events (each, a "<u>Scouting Termination Event</u>"): </p> <p>(i) the material breach by any State Court Counsel, the Coalition, the TCC, or the Future Claimants' Representative of any of their undertakings, obligations, representations, warranties, or covenants set forth in the RSA;</p> <p>(ii) the Bankruptcy Court allows a plan proponent other than the Debtors to commence soliciting votes on a plan other than the Amended Plan;</p> <p>(iii) the Bankruptcy Court confirms a plan other than the Amended Plan;</p> <p>(iv) (A) the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Debtors must adhere to the terms of the Hartford Settlement and (B) the Debtors and Hartford have failed to reach an agreement that is acceptable to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative;</p> <p>(v) in the case of the Debtors, the issuance, promulgation, or enactment by any governmental entity, including any regulatory or licensing authority or court of competent jurisdiction (including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court which has not been stayed), of any statute, regulation, ruling or order declaring the Amended Plan or any material portion thereof (in each case, to the extent it relates to the Settlement or the terms hereof) to be unenforceable or enjoining or otherwise restricting the consummation of any material portion of the Amended Plan ( to the extent it relates to the Settlement) or the Settlement, and such ruling, judgment, or order has not been stayed, reversed, or vacated, within fifteen (15) calendar days after issuance;</p>
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	<p>(vi) a trustee under section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code or an examiner with expanded powers shall have been appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases;</p> <p>(vii) an order for relief under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been entered in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Chapter 11 Cases shall have been dismissed, in each case by order of the Bankruptcy Court;</p> <p>(viii) termination of the RSA by the Coalition, the TCC, any State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative if the Debtors reasonably determine that such termination will cause the Amended Plan not to be accepted by a sufficient number of holders of Direct Abuse Claims; or</p> <p>(ix) the National Executive Board of the BSA determines that continued performance under the RSA (including taking any action or refraining from taking any action) would be inconsistent with the exercise of its fiduciary duties, or duties as directors, in each case under applicable law (as reasonably determined by such board in good faith after consultation with legal counsel); <i>provided</i> that the Debtors provide written notice within three (3) business days of such determination to counsel to the Coalition, the TCC, the Future Claimants' Representative and the AHCLC of such determination.</p> <p><u>Termination Generally.</u></p> <p>(i) No Party may terminate the RSA based on an event caused by such Party's own failure to perform or comply in all material respects with the terms and conditions of the RSA (unless such failure to perform or comply arises as a result of another Party's actions or inactions).</p> <p>(ii) Upon termination of the RSA in accordance with Section V of the RSA by any Party (including by any State Court Counsel), (A) such Party shall be released from any prospective commitments, undertakings, and agreements under or related to the RSA other than obligations under the RSA that by their terms expressly survive termination; and (B) the RSA shall remain in full force and effect with respect to all Parties other than such Party. Additionally, solely in the case of termination by all of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, the Estimation Matters shall immediately recommence.</p> <p>(iii) Termination of the RSA shall not relieve any Party of any liability on account of any breach hereof, including any breach of covenants, and the Parties may pursue remedies at law or in equity.</p> <p>The termination provisions are set forth in full in Section V of the RSA.</p>
<b>Remedies</b>	<p>It is understood and agreed by the Parties that, without limiting any other remedies available at law or equity, money damages would be an insufficient remedy for any breach of the RSA by any Party and each non-breaching Party shall be entitled to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief as a remedy of any such breach, including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction requiring any Party to comply promptly with any of its obligations hereunder, without the necessity of proving the inadequacy of money damages as a remedy. Each of the Parties hereby waives any defense that, with respect to an action for breach of the RSA, a remedy at law is adequate and any requirement to post bond or other security in connection with actions instituted for injunctive relief, specific performance, or other equitable remedies. <i>See</i> RSA § XV.</p>

14. As set forth in more detail above, the RSA includes the reimbursement of certain professional and advisory fees of the Coalition Professionals, on a monthly basis promptly following summary of invoices, subject to the Monthly Fee Cap. Additionally, upon the Effective

Date, the Debtors have agreed to reimburse State Court counsel for amounts they have paid to the Coalition Professionals for, and pay the Coalition Professionals for amounts payable by State Court counsel but not yet paid to Coalition Professionals, for reasonable, documented and contractual professional and advisory fees and expenses incurred by the Coalition Professionals from July 24, 2020 to and including the Effective Date. These fees are capped at \$10.5 million (the Plan Effective Date Cap), and amounts otherwise payable in excess thereof shall be payable, if at all, by the Settlement Trust after the Effective Date.

### **III. Hartford Settlement**

15. As noted above, the Plaintiff Representatives have required as an express term of the RSA that the Hartford Settlement shall not be incorporated into the Amended Plan without their consent. On April 16, 2021, the BSA and Hartford Accident and Indemnity Company, First State Insurance Company, Twin City Fire Insurance Company and Navigators Specialty Insurance Company (“Hartford”) entered into the Hartford Settlement, which was filed as an exhibit to the *Second Mediators’ Report* [D.I. 2624] and provided for Hartford to make a contribution of up to \$650 million to the Settlement Trust in exchange for the sale of the Hartford Policies to Hartford free and clear of third party interests. Subsequently, the May 16 Plan incorporated the terms of the Hartford Settlement and designated Hartford as a Settling Insurance Company. The Hartford Settlement provided that Hartford may, at its option, request approval of the Hartford Settlement under a motion filed by the BSA pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019. Hartford Settlement § I.B. The Hartford Settlement provided, in the alternative, that it could be approved pursuant to a plan of reorganization. To date, Hartford has not requested, and the Debtors have not sought, Court approval of the Hartford Settlement.



16. The Debtors believed that the Hartford Settlement was fair and reasonable and was in the best interests of their estates at the time they entered into the agreement. Whittman Decl. ¶ 13; Mosby Decl. ¶ 7. Since the announcement of the Hartford Settlement on April 16, 2021, there has been overwhelming opposition from the Plaintiff Representatives to the Hartford Settlement. Whittman Decl. ¶ 13; Mosby Decl. ¶ 8. This opposition first appeared in the Coalition’s and Future Claimants’ Representative’s joint objection to the Debtors’ Exclusivity Motion [D.I. 2672] (the “Exclusivity Objection”) (arguing that the Hartford Settlement is “unconscionable” and does not provide for adequate compensation). This was followed by multiple Disclosure Statement objections from the Plaintiff Representatives.<sup>7</sup> The vociferous opposition to the Hartford Settlement continued at the May 19 Hearing. *See, e.g.*, May 19, 2021 Hr’g Tr. 85:16–23 (“And that brings me to an undeniable point of where we are. The debtors’ global plan, including the Hartford Settlement, as presently constituted is dead on arrival, and I don’t think Ms. Lauria is wrong in her saying that. It’s not supported by any survivor constituency. And as Mr. Stang alluded to . . . , it’s going to be voted down overwhelmingly by the BSA sexual abuse survivors.”); *see also* May 19, 2021 Hr’g Tr. 73:9–14, 75:13–18, 76:1–9, 77:6–8, 82:14–19 (Mr. Stang), 84:16–24 (Mr. Molton). Following the May 19 Hearing, the parties continued their

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<sup>7</sup> *See, e.g.*, Objection of the Tort Claimants’ Committee to the Disclosure Statement ¶ 116 [D.I. 3526] (“The Tort Claimants’ Committee cannot fathom that the Boy Scouts could confirm the Plan over the opposition of the Survivors’ fiduciary representative and the near unanimous opposition of the Survivor constituency. This opposition has nothing to do with emotion. Rather, the Disclosure Statement clearly shows . . . that Hartford is grossly underpaying on its exposure and that Survivors will not receive anywhere near the estimated value of their childhood sexual abuse claims.”); Objection of the Coalition to the Disclosure Statement ¶ 38 [D.I. 3569] (“The Hartford settlement . . . would compromise one of the Debtors’ most valuable assets for a small percentage of its actual value and ensure that thousands of survivors *never* receive a 100% recovery or anything remotely close thereto. Nearly every survivor would be better off under a plan that preserves or effectively monetizes the Debtors’ insurance assets as opposed to a plan designed to aid the Debtors’ insurers in minimizing their coverage obligations to the survivors’ detriment.”); Exclusivity Objection ¶ 5 (“[I]t is important for the Court to understand that *none* of these survivor constituencies support this ‘fire sale’ [Hartford] settlement by the Debtors.”), *id.* ¶ 33 (“Given the Hartford settlement, the Global Resolution Plan is dead.”), *id.* ¶ 37 (“The Coalition and the FCR will fight any plan that includes the Hartford settlement and the Insurance Provisions. The Coalition and the FCR are prepared, together with other survivor constituencies, to take all appropriate actions necessary to defeat the Global Resolution Plan and the BSA Toggle Plan.”).



intensive mediation efforts to reach consensus on the Hartford Settlement with the Plaintiff Representatives, and the Debtors remained hopeful that compromise could be reached between Hartford and the Plaintiff Representatives. But after four weeks of additional mediation, the parties remained at an impasse. On June 9, 2021, the Debtors and AHCLC received a letter from the Plaintiff Representatives informing the Debtors that the holders of abuse claims whom they represent would not support—and would affirmatively vote to reject—any plan of reorganization that includes the terms of the Hartford Settlement, under any circumstances. *See* Mosby Decl., Ex. 1. After these events and based upon further negotiations, the Debtors have concluded that a global resolution plan cannot be confirmed to the extent it includes the Hartford Settlement in its current form.

17. It is against this backdrop that the Debtors present the terms of the RSA, which expressly provides for termination of the RSA by the Plaintiff Representatives in the event that the Court determines that the Debtors must adhere to the terms of the Hartford Settlement. *See* RSA § V.B.(v). As such, the Debtors do not believe that a plan that incorporates the Hartford Settlement is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates because it is not confirmable without the support of abuse survivors. Whittman Decl. ¶ 14. In light of the changed circumstances that the Debtors face as a result of the abuse survivors' rejection of the Hartford Settlement, and the inability of the Debtors to pursue the Amended Plan—which would maximize recoveries for creditors—while retaining the Hartford Settlement, the Debtors are seeking entry of an order authorizing them to enter into the RSA, and also relieving them of any obligation to seek approval of the Hartford Settlement, as required by the RSA. *Id.* ¶ 15.

### **RELIEF REQUESTED**

18. By this Motion, pursuant to sections 105(a) and 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 6004, the Debtors request entry of the Proposed Order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, (a) authorizing the Debtors to enter into and perform under the RSA, including, in connection therewith, determining that the Debtors have no obligation to seek approval of the Hartford Settlement, and (b) granting related relief.

### **BASIS FOR RELIEF**

#### **IV. Entering into the RSA Is an Exercise of the Debtors' Sound Business Judgment.**

##### **A. Legal Standard.**

19. The Debtors' entry into the RSA is authorized under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, which provides that a debtor, "after notice and a hearing, may use, sell, or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, property of the estate." 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1). In the Third Circuit, courts have authorized a debtor's use of property of the estate outside the ordinary course of business when such use has a "sound business purpose" and is proposed in good faith. *Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Ltd. v. Montgomery Ward Holding Corp. (In re Montgomery Ward Holding Corp.)*, 242 B.R. 147, 153–54 (D. Del. 1999); *In re Del. & Hudson Ry. Co.*, 124 B.R. 169, 176 (D. Del. 1991); *see also Meyers v. Martin (In re Martin)*, 91 F.3d 389, 394–95 (3d Cir. 1996). Courts authorize a debtor to use property of the estate outside the ordinary course of business if the debtor can show that: (a) a sound business reason or emergency justifies the proposed use; (b) adequate and reasonable notice was provided to all interested parties; (c) the proposed use was requested in good faith; and (d) fair and reasonable consideration is provided in exchange for the use of estate assets. *See In re Exaeris Inc.*, 380 B.R. 741, 744 (Bankr. D. Del. 2008); *In re Decora*

*Indus., Inc.*, Case No. 00-4459, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 27031, at \*7–8 (D. Del. May 20, 2002); *Hudson*, 124 B.R. at 176.

20. Once a debtor articulates a valid business justification under section 363, a presumption arises that the debtor’s decision was made on an informed basis, in good faith, and in the honest belief the action was in the best interest of the company. *See In re Integrated Res., Inc.*, 147 B.R. 650, 656 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1992) (quoting *Smith v. Van Gorkom*, 488 A.2d 858, 872 (Del. 1985)); *see also Bridgeport Holdings Inc. Liquidating Trust v. Boyer (In re Bridgeport Holdings, Inc.)*, 388 B.R. 548, 567 (Bankr. D. Del. 2008). Further, once “the debtor articulates a reasonable basis for its business decisions (as distinct from a decision made arbitrarily or capriciously), courts will generally not entertain objections to the debtor’s conduct.” *Comm. of Asbestos-Related Litigants v. Johns-Manville Corp. (In re Johns-Manville Corp.)*, 60 B.R. 612, 616 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1986). The business judgment rule has vitality in chapter 11 cases and shields a debtor’s management from judicial second-guessing. *See Integrated Res.*, 147 B.R. at 656; *Johns-Manville*, 60 B.R. at 615–16 (“[T]he Code favors the continued operation of a business by a debtor and a presumption of reasonableness attaches to a debtor’s management decisions.”). Thus, if a debtor’s actions satisfy the business judgment rule, then the transaction in question should be approved under section 363(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

21. Additionally, under section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, “[t]he court may issue any order . . . that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title.” 11 U.S.C. § 105(a). Courts in this and other districts have relied on both sections 105(a) and 363(b) when approving a restructuring support agreement, finding that such relief is entirely consistent with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.<sup>8</sup>

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<sup>8</sup> *See, e.g., In re Cred Inc.*, Case No. 20-12836 (JTD) (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 5, 2021) [D.I. 480] (order authorizing debtors to implement terms of a postpetition plan support agreement); *In re GNC Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. 20-

**B. The RSA Provides the Debtors with a Viable Path to Confirmation of a Global Resolution Plan.**

22. Entering into the RSA is a sound exercise of the Debtors’ business judgment. The benefits of the RSA are manifest. **First**, it is finalized and actionable right now—subject to Court approval—and builds the necessary consensus among abuse survivors to achieve a pathway to plan confirmation. Failure to obtain approval of the RSA would mean further uncertainty, delay, and significant administrative and litigation costs for the estates. Under the RSA, the Plaintiff Representatives will seek consensual resolution of the Restricted Assets Adversary, which the TCC has itself recognized presents “mind-numbingly fact-intensive, complex, and time-consuming issue[s]” that would involve astronomically expensive discovery for the Debtors’ estates. May 19 Hr’g Tr. 106:21–22. The RSA also resolves pending Estimation Matters and the Exclusivity Objection. Outside of the RSA, the Debtors may be required to incur the cost of resolving this litigation prior to confirmation of a plan. The terms of the Amended Plan proposed under the RSA will maximize recoveries to creditors over prior iterations of the plan that did not have the support of the Plaintiff Representatives, and in the Debtors’ view will do so while also lowering the likelihood of significant litigation-related delay and costs.

23. **Second**, this proposal not only provides the groundwork for the Amended Plan, it provides the Debtors with the support of State Court Counsel representing approximately 60,000 abuse survivors, on which they can build the necessary consensus to achieve confirmation of a plan that provides for a global resolution of claims. As the Court itself has recognized, soliciting

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11662 (KBO) (Bankr. D. Del. Oct. 8, 2020) [D.I. 1360] (same); *In re Chaparral Energy, Inc.*, Case No. 16-11144 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 14, 2016) [D.I. 652] (same); *In re Energy Future Holdings Corp.*, Case No. 14-10979 (CSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Sept. 18, 2015) [D.I. 6097] (same); *In re Exide Tech.*, Case No. 13-11482 (KJC) (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 4, 2015) [D.I. 3087] (same); *In re Overseas Shipholding Grp., Inc.*, Case No. 12-20000 (PJW) (Bankr. D. Del. Apr. 7, 2014) [D.I. 2878] (same); *In re Neb. Book Co., Inc.*, Case No. 11-12005 (PJW) (Bankr. D. Del. Mar. 26, 2012) [D.I. 1039] (same); *In re Visteon Corp.*, Case No. 09-11786 (CSS) (Bankr. D. Del. June 17, 2010) [D.I. 3427] (same).

a plan without abuse survivor support under the current May 16 Plan presents the Debtors with a bleak picture of confirmation and chapter 11 exit. The Debtors cannot afford the risk of even further delay and the significant costs that could arise without having 60,000 abuse survivors working with them to build consensus, and the presence of a large block of “yes” votes will likely help others coalesce around them in support of the Amended Plan. Beginning the solicitation and confirmation process with support from State Court Counsel and key representatives of abuse survivors is an enormous boost to the Debtors’ ability to achieve a resolution in this case among the broadest number of parties in interest, including Local Councils and, ultimately, Chartered Organizations. The support of abuse survivors has become even more critical as the Debtors’ timeline extends further. And pursuing a plan in the face of overwhelming and unequivocal opposition from holders of abuse claims would be an exercise in futility.

24. ***Third***, the RSA is crucial to the health and future of the entire BSA organization. Without a global resolution of abuse liabilities, the Debtors risk losing the ability to carry out the Scouting mission through the Local Councils and Chartered Organizations. In a situation where only the BSA is able to emerge from bankruptcy free of these liabilities, the Local Councils and Chartered Organizations would likely face a deluge of lawsuits, which would lead to numerous bankruptcy filings and dissolutions across the country and would threaten the entire BSA structure. In addition to this possibility, the Amended Plan provides for a substantially larger recovery for abuse survivors from the BSA and Local Councils, with the ability to add significant recoveries from any future Settling Insurance Companies and Contributing Chartered Organizations that may subsequently sign-on.

25. These significant additional economic and non-economic terms and the avoidance of costly, time-consuming and heavily fact-intensive discovery present the Debtors with ample justification for entry into the RSA under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code

26. In sum, entering into the RSA marks crucial progress for the Debtors toward a global resolution that will maximize recoveries and outcomes for the Debtors' estates, creditors, and other critical parties in interest. The RSA allows the Debtors to push this case forward, and is in keeping with the sound exercise of their business judgment. For these reasons, the Debtors are requesting that the Court enter the Proposed Order.

**C. The Payment of the Coalition's Fees and Expenses Pursuant to the RSA Is a Sound Exercise of the Debtors' Business Judgment and Will Benefit the Debtors' Estates.**

27. As set forth above, pursuant to the Term Sheet, the Debtors have agreed to reimburse certain fees and expenses of the Coalition Professionals. For the same reasons set forth above with the respect to the RSA, the Debtors' request to pay the reasonable, documented and contractual professional fees and expenses of the Coalition Professionals as part of (and subject to the limitations set forth in) the RSA is consistent with section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 363(b) provides the statutory basis for the debtor to enter into a post-petition agreement such as the RSA, and to reimburse the Coalition's professional fees pursuant thereto. *U.S. Trustee v. Bethlehem Steel Corp.*, No. 02 Civ. 2854 (MBM), 2003 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 12909, at \*40 (S.D.N.Y. July 28, 2003) (affirming bankruptcy court's approval of reimbursement of creditors' counsel's costs and expenses pursuant to sections 363(b) and 105(a)). Courts in this and other jurisdictions have approved the payment of unsecured creditors' professional fees under section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code,<sup>9</sup> and have authorized debtors to perform under postpetition

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<sup>9</sup> See, e.g., *In re Panda Temple Power, LLC*, Case No. 17-10839 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Oct. 5, 2017) [D.I. 365] (authorizing debtors to reimburse certain third-party costs and expenses as a sound exercise of business judgment)

reimbursement agreements with respect to the fees and expenses of an ad hoc committee pursuant to section 363.<sup>10</sup>

28. The Debtors require the continued support and engagement of the Coalition—which collectively represents approximately 60,000 abuse survivors—to advance the development of their global resolution plan. Critically, the payment of the Coalition’s fees and expenses will not just benefit the Debtors. By entering into the RSA and reimbursing the Coalition, the Debtors are making a business decision that significantly benefits the Debtors’ estates and creditors (abuse survivors or otherwise) as a whole by providing a pathway to plan confirmation. The Debtors cannot build the consensus needed to achieve their goals of equitably compensating abuse survivors and continuing their charitable mission without expeditiously reaching plan confirmation. They require the continuous and active involvement and leadership of the Coalition alongside the TCC and the Future Claimants’ Representative, in order to do so. The RSA was negotiated at arm’s-length and the Debtors, in the exercise of their sound business judgment, negotiated for certain guardrails on the fees and costs payable under the RSA. The payment of these fees and expenses is subject to the Monthly Fee Cap and the aggregate Plan Effective Date

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under sections 105(a) 363(b), as doing so would yield significant cost savings to debtors’ estates); *In re Chaparral Energy, Inc.*, Case No. 16-11144 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 14, 2016) [D.I. 652] (approving payment of reasonable fees and expenses of ad hoc committee, among other parties, in connection with assumption of and to the extent set forth in postpetition restructuring support agreement); *In re Hercules Offshore, Inc.*, Case No. 15-11685 (KJC) (Bankr. D. Del. Aug. 24, 2015) [D.I. 95] (approving payment of unsecured creditors’ professional fees in connection with the assumption of a restructuring support agreement); *see also In re New Cotai Holdings, LLC*, Case No. 19-22911 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. May 19, 2020) [D.I. 373] (same); Transcript of Hearing at 34:1–5, *In re Mallinckrodt*, Case No. 20-12522 (JTD) (Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 16, 2020) [D.I. 852] (“I agree with the debtors that Section 363 provides the procedural mechanism for a debtor to seek the authority to make payments to unsecured creditor groups that if the group, itself, sought payment it would need to be made pursuant to Section 503.”).

<sup>10</sup> *See, e.g., In re Mallinckrodt PLC*, Case No. 20-12522 (JTD) [D.I. 1250] (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 1, 2021) (authorizing debtors to “enter into the New Reimbursement Agreements” under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code); *In re Purdue Pharma, LP*, Case No. 19-23649 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Dec. 2, 2019) [D.I. 553] (authorizing debtors to “perform the Reimbursement Agreement pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code”).



Cap. These guardrails provide support for the Debtors' sound business decision to include this term in the RSA.

**D. The RSA Complies with Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.**

29. Entering into the RSA does not constitute a "solicitation" of the RSA Parties' votes in favor of the Amended Plan under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 1125(b) provides that "[a]n acceptance or rejection of a plan may not be solicited after the commencement of the case under this title . . . unless, at the time of or before such solicitation, there is transmitted . . . a written disclosure statement approved, after notice and a hearing, by the court as containing adequate information." 11 U.S.C. § 1125(b). Courts considering both prepetition and postpetition plan support agreements have held that such agreements are not "solicitations" if they permit a party to the agreement to later vote to reject a plan if there are any material deviations from the representations made at the time of signing the plan support agreement. *See, e.g., In re Neb. Book Co.*, Case No. 11-12005 (Bankr. D. Del. Sept. 7, 2011) [D.I. 557] (approving a postpetition plan support agreement pursuant to which creditor agreed to vote in favor of plan provided there were no material modifications to the agreed upon plan); *In re Internet Corp.*, Case No. 08-11859 (KG) (Bankr. D. Del. June 5, 2009) [D.I. 1066] (same); *In re Owens Corning*, Case No. 00-03837 (KG) (Bankr. D. Del. June 29, 2006) [D.I. 18208] (same); *see also In re Heritage Org., L.L.C.*, 376 B.R. 783, 789–95 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 2007) (finding that an agreement to vote for a plan in a term sheet does not constitute a solicitation for an official vote); *In re Kellogg Square P'ship*, 160 B.R. 336 (Bankr. D. Minn. 1993) (holding that secured creditors' agreement to vote for plan prior to approval of disclosure statement did not violate statutory restrictions on solicitation); *Transworld Airlines, Inc. v. Texaco, Inc. (In re Texaco, Inc.)*, 81 B.R. 813 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1988) (holding

that parties' agreement to use best efforts to obtain confirmation of chapter 11 plan did not violate statutory restrictions on solicitation of votes for the plan).

30. Bankruptcy courts have roundly rejected a broad reading of "solicitation." *See Century Glove, Inc. v. First Am. Bank of N.Y.*, 860 F.2d 94, 101 (3d Cir. 1988) ("'[S]olicitation' must be read narrowly."). Certain courts in this district, however, have declined to approve postpetition plan support agreements with specific enforcement provisions based on the rationale that these agreements improperly bind parties to a single reorganization structure in violation of section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. *See In re NII Holdings, Inc.*, 288 B.R. 356 (Bankr. D. Del. 2002); *In re Stations Holdings Co. Inc.*, Case No. 02-10882, 2002 WL 31947022 (Bankr. D. Del. Sept. 30, 2002).

31. Later decisions in this district, however, carefully analyzed the issues in approving postpetition plan support agreements as compliant with section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. *See In re Indianapolis Downs, LLC*, 486 B.R. 286, 295 (Bankr. D. Del. 2013) ("[A] narrow construction of 'solicitation' affords [the] parties the opportunity to memorialize their agreements in a way that allows a Chapter 11 case to move forward."); *In re Neb. Book Co.*, Case No. 11-12005 (PJW) (Bankr. D. Del. Sept. 7, 2011) [D.I. 557] (approving postpetition plan support agreement). Moreover, and as the *Indianapolis Downs* court noted, the contrary decisions in *Stations* and *NII Holdings* decisions were "two-page orders [that did] not contain any legal analysis and, consistent with this Court's practice, are of only the most limited (if any) precedential value." *See Indianapolis Downs*, 486 B.R. at 295.

32. Accordingly, the Debtors' and the other RSA Parties' negotiation and execution of the RSA does not constitute improper solicitation under section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Debtors submit that they should be permitted to enter into the RSA.

**V. The Court Should Approve the RSA, Including Finding that the Debtors Are Not Obligated to Continue to Prosecute the Hartford Settlement.**

33. The Hartford Settlement is a post-petition agreement subject to approval by the Court pursuant to section 363 or 1123(b)(3)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019. Hartford Settlement § I.B. As discussed in detail above, the Plaintiff Representatives have universally rejected the Hartford Settlement as “dead on arrival,” May 19, 2021 Hr’g Tr. 85:16–23, and have required as an express term of the RSA that the Hartford Settlement shall not be incorporated into the Amended Plan without their consent.

34. The Third Circuit has recognized that a post-petition settlement agreement, particularly one contemplating the use or sale of assets outside the ordinary course of business under section 363(b), is not effective unless and until it is approved by the bankruptcy court. *In re Roth Am., Inc.*, 975 F.2d 949, 954 (3d Cir. 1992) (holding that, with respect to a memorandum agreement outside the ordinary course of business, “the district court did not err in holding that notice and a hearing in the bankruptcy court on that agreement was required for it to be enforceable”); *Martin*, 91 F.3d at 395 (“[T]his schema [of notice, hearing, and approval by the court] is intended to protect both debtors and creditors by subjecting a trustee’s actions to complete disclosure and review by the creditors of the estate and by the bankruptcy court.”). Applying this principle, in *Northview*, the Third Circuit denied a creditor’s motion to enforce a settlement agreement against the debtor, which had been entered into by the trustee to resolve claims against the creditor but had not been approved by the court under section 363(b). *Northview Motors, Inc. v. Chrysler Motors Corp.*, 186 F.3d 346, 351 (3d Cir. 1999). The proposed settlement, which involved the sale of a claim, was subject to “notice, a hearing, and bankruptcy court approval.” *Id.* at 350–51; *see also In re Filene’s Basement, LLC*, Case No. 11-13511 (KJC), 2014 Bankr. LEXIS 2000, at \*18 (Bankr. D. Del. Apr. 29, 2014) (among other reasons, rejecting an argument that court

approval of a post-confirmation settlement was not required because court approval was an express condition of the settlement).

35. Courts have also held that a debtor is not obligated to prosecute a motion for approval of a settlement if circumstances change and the trustee no longer believes that the settlement is in the best interests of the estate. *Martin*, 91 F.3d 389. In *Martin*, a chapter 7 trustee filed a motion to approve a settlement with litigation creditors of claims that the chapter 7 debtors had been prosecuting in a state court action. At the trustee's hearing on the settlement, the trustee learned that the debtors had obtained an expedited trial date for the state court action. *Id.* at 391–92. Given this turn of events, the trustee elected not to argue in favor of the motion, and the bankruptcy court deferred ruling on the motion until after the state court trial. *Id.* The trial resulted in a larger jury verdict than the trustee's pending settlement, and the changed circumstances prompted the bankruptcy court to deny the settlement motion. *Id.* at 392. On appeal by the litigation creditors whose settlement had been denied, the district court held that the trustee had violated the contractual duty of good faith and fair dealing by refusing to support her motion to approve the settlement and that the court should not have disapproved the settlement. *Id.* at 393.

36. The Third Circuit disagreed, recognizing that in situations where circumstances have changed following a pending settlement motion, there may be a conflict between a trustee's "alleged duty to go forward with a settlement agreement favoring one creditor" and the "fiduciary relationship with all creditors of the estate." *Id.* at 394 (emphasis in original). The court refused to hold that the trustee was required to prosecute a motion to approve a settlement that was no longer in the best interest of the estate. Rather, the trustee appropriately "inform[ed] the court and the parties of changed circumstances," and the determination on the settlement was left to the bankruptcy court. *Id.* Similarly, the bankruptcy court did not abuse its discretion in disapproving

the settlement under the four-factor “fair and equitable” standard,<sup>11</sup> in which the court reviews the fairness of the settlement to parties outside of the settlement, while expressly considering the changed circumstances in its analysis. *Id.*; see also *Fry’s Metals, Inc. v. Gibbons (In re RFE Indus., Inc.)*, 283 F.3d 159, 165 (3d Cir. 2002) (holding that the bankruptcy court should examine the settlement in light of the present circumstances); *Filene’s Basement*, 2014 Bankr. LEXIS 2000, at \*22–23 (holding that the court was required to consider changed circumstances in determining whether a settlement should be enforced against the debtors and the creditor representative under the four *Martin* factors, and declining to enforce the settlement). The interests of all creditors were served by the court’s rejection of the settlement so that the trustee could collect additional assets as property of the estate. *Id.*

37. While the Debtors have incorporated the proposed Hartford Settlement into the terms of the June 18 Plan,<sup>12</sup> the Debtors have not yet sought approval of the Hartford Settlement pursuant to section 363(b) or 1123(b)(3)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code. The decision to enter into the Hartford Settlement was a good faith exercise of the Debtors’ business judgment at the time it was announced on April 16, and the Debtors believed that it was fair and reasonable. The Debtors also believed that a global resolution plan with the Hartford Settlement was achievable following the May 19 Hearing. But, the onslaught of opposition to the settlement from holders of abuse claims leading up to and at the May 19 Hearing continued unabated during the four weeks of mediation that followed, culminating with the June 9 letter from the Plaintiff Representatives.

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<sup>11</sup> The factors that the court uses are “(1) the probability of success in litigation; (2) the likely difficulties in collection; (3) the complexity of the litigation involved, and the expense, inconvenience and delay necessarily attending it; and (4) the paramount interest of the creditors.” *Id.* at 393 (citing *Protective Comm. Stockholders of TMT Trailer Ferry, Inc. v. Anderson*, 390 U.S. 414, 424–25 (1968)).

<sup>12</sup> The Debtors note that parties in interest were put on notice in the June 18 Plan and the proposed amendments to the Disclosure Statement filed on the same day that, if an impasse remained, the Debtors would seek a determination from the Court on the Debtors’ obligations with respect to further pursuit of the Hartford Settlement. See June 18 Plan § V.S.4 n.3; Disclosure Statement § V.R.3.

Indeed, a condition of the RSA is that the Amended Plan shall not incorporate any settlement with Hartford unless it is acceptable to the Plaintiff Representatives and the Debtors. This unwavering opposition has left the Debtors with no choice but to conclude that they can no longer pursue the Hartford Settlement while also maximizing the value of their estates through the Amended Plan under the RSA.

38. All Plaintiff Representatives, who represent the vast majority of the holders of Direct Abuse Claims, have indicated that any plan containing the Hartford Settlement would be categorically rejected. Without their support, to be forced to pursue a plan that incorporates the Hartford Settlement appears futile. For these reasons, the Debtors respectfully request this Court's determination that the Debtors may enter into the RSA, which includes that the Debtors are not obligated to seek approval of the Hartford Settlement, through entry of the Proposed Order.

#### **WAIVER OF BANKRUPTCY RULE 6004(h)**

39. In addition, by this Motion, Debtors seek a waiver of any notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and any stay of the effectiveness of the order(s) approving this Motion. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), "[a]n order authorizing the use, sale, or lease of property other than cash collateral is stayed until the expiration of 14 days after entry of the order, unless the court orders otherwise." Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6004(h). As set forth above, the Debtors require immediate relief to implement the foregoing successfully. Accordingly, the Debtors submit that ample cause exists to justify a waiver of the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the 14-day stay imposed by Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), to the extent such notice requirements and stay apply.

#### **NOTICE**

40. Notice of this Motion will be provided to (i) the U.S. Trustee; (ii) counsel to the TCC; (iii) counsel to the Creditors' Committee; (iv) counsel to the Future Claimants'

Representative; (v) counsel to the AHCLC; (vi) counsel to the Coalition; (vii) counsel to JPM; (viii) the County Commission of Fayette County (West Virginia), as issuer of those certain Commercial Development Revenue Bonds (Arrow WV Project), Series 2010A, 2010B and 2012; and (ix) any party that has requested notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. The Debtors submit that, in light of the nature of the relief requested herein, no other or further notice need be given.

### **CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court enter the Proposed Order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, granting the relief requested in this Motion and such other and any further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

*[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]*



Dated: July 1, 2021  
Wilmington, Delaware

**MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP**

/s/ Paige N. Topper

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ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEBTORS AND  
DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND  
DELAWARE BSA, LLC,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)

(Jointly Administered)

**Objection Deadline:**

July 13, 2021 at 4:00 p.m. (ET)

**Hearing Date:**

July 20, 2021 at 10:00 a.m. (ET)

**NOTICE OF THE DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER, PURSUANT TO  
SECTIONS 363(b) AND 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (I) AUTHORIZING  
THE DEBTORS TO ENTER INTO AND PERFORM UNDER THE RESTRUCTURING  
SUPPORT AGREEMENT, AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

**PLEASE TAKE NOTICE** that, on July 1, 2021, Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC, as debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (collectively, the “Debtors”) filed the *Debtors’ Motion for Entry of an Order, Pursuant to Sections 363(b) and 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Enter Into and Perform Under the Restructuring Support Agreement, and (II) Granting Related Relief* (the “Motion”) with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Court”).

**PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that, any responses or objections to the Motion must be in writing, filed with the Clerk of the Court, 824 North Market Street, 3rd Floor, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, and served upon and received by the undersigned attorneys for the Debtors on or before **July 13, 2021 at 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time)**.

**PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that, if any objections to the Motion are received, the Motion and such objections shall be considered at a hearing via videoconference before The Honorable Laurie Selber Silverstein of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware on **July 20, 2021 at 10:00 a.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time)**.

**PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT IF NO OBJECTIONS TO THE MOTION ARE TIMELY FILED, SERVED AND RECEIVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS NOTICE, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE RELIEF REQUESTED IN THE MOTION WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE OR HEARING.**

<sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are as follows: Boy Scouts of America (6300); and Delaware BSA, LLC (4311). The Debtors’ mailing address is 1325 W. Walnut Hill Ln., Irving, TX 75038.

Dated: July 1, 2021  
Wilmington, Delaware

MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP

/s/ Paige N. Topper

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*ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEBTORS AND  
DEBTORS IN POSSESSION*

## Exhibit A

## Proposed Order

FCRA00140

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND  
DELAWARE BSA, LLC,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)

(Jointly Administered)

Ref. D.I. \_\_\_\_

**ORDER, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 363(b) AND 105(a) OF  
THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO  
ENTER INTO AND PERFORM UNDER THE RESTRUCTURING  
SUPPORT AGREEMENT, AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “Motion”)<sup>2</sup> of the Debtors for entry of an order (this “Order”), pursuant to sections 105(a) and 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 6004, (i) authorizing the Debtors to enter into and perform under the RSA, substantially in the form attached to this Order as **Exhibit 1**, including, in connection therewith, determining that the Debtors have no obligation to seek approval of the Hartford Settlement, and (ii) granting certain related relief; and upon the Mosby Declaration and the Whittman Declaration filed in support of the Motion; and this Court having jurisdiction to consider the Motion in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, dated February 29, 2012; and the Court having found that this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2); and the Debtors having consented to entry of a final order by this Court under Article III of the United States Constitution; and the Court having found

<sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are as follows: Boy Scouts of America (6300); and Delaware BSA, LLC (4311). The Debtors’ mailing address is 1325 West Walnut Hill Lane, Irving, Texas 75038.

<sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion or the RSA, as applicable.

## **Findings and Conclusions Related to the RSA**

D. The RSA was negotiated at arm's length, in good faith, does not constitute a

solicitation of an acceptance or rejection of a plan, and does not violate section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.

E. Upon entry of this Order, each of the Debtors and each of the other RSA Parties (1) has full power and authority to enter into and perform all of their obligations under the RSA and all other documents contemplated thereby, (2) has full power and authority to take any and all action necessary to authorize and approve the RSA and the transactions contemplated thereby and has requested and obtained all necessary approvals required to do so, and (3) is legally authorized to enter into and perform the RSA and to take any and all actions necessary to authorize, approve, and implement the RSA and the transactions contemplated thereby.

F. Based on the findings set forth above, as well as the record before this Court, the Court hereby finds and concludes as a matter of law that the Debtors have no obligation to seek approval of, and have no obligations under, the Hartford Settlement.

G. Based on the findings set forth above, as well as the record before this Court, the Court hereby concludes as a matter of law that the Debtors' entry into and performance under the RSA is an appropriate exercise of the Debtors' business judgment and satisfies the legal requirements for approval in this jurisdiction.

**ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED THAT:**

1. The Motion is **GRANTED** as set forth herein, and any objections to the Motion not previously withdrawn, waived, or settled, and all reservations of rights included therein, are hereby overruled on the merits.

2. The Debtors' entry into and performance under the RSA is hereby authorized and approved, effective upon entry of this Order, and the Debtors shall have no obligation to seek approval of, and have no obligations under, the Hartford Settlement. The RSA shall be binding



and enforceable by and against the Debtors and the other RSA Parties thereto in accordance with its terms and conditions, and the RSA Parties may exercise all rights and remedies provided to them under the Restructuring Support Agreement, including, without limitation, the right to seek specific performance of the Restructuring Support Agreement, in accordance with its terms. Notwithstanding any other provision herein, the Court makes no finding or ruling in this Order (a) as to the exhibits to the RSA, the Disclosure Statement, or the Plan for any purpose (other than the authorization to enter into and perform under the RSA), or (b) as to the standard of review or any factor required for approval of the exhibits to the RSA, the Disclosure Statement, or the Plan, or with respect to confirmation of the Plan. The rights and objections of all parties are reserved with respect to such matters (other than as expressly provided in the RSA as to the Debtors and the RSA Parties).

3. The RSA Parties' entry into the RSA, any and all negotiations among the RSA Parties leading to the execution thereof, and the RSA Parties' performance of or actions in furtherance of any obligations thereunder shall not constitute a solicitation of votes in violation of section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4. The Debtors shall reimburse the fees and expenses of the Coalition as and to the extent set forth in the RSA and the Term Sheet. None of the fees and expenses shall be subject to further approval of the Court, and no recipient thereof shall be required to file any interim or final fee application with the Court as a condition precedent to the Debtors' obligation to pay such fees and expenses. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a dispute arises with respect to the reasonableness of such fees and expenses, the Court shall have the jurisdiction and authority to determine the reasonableness of such fees and expenses.

5. The failure to describe specifically or include any particular provision of the RSA or related documents in the Motion or this Order shall not diminish or impair the effectiveness of such provision.

6. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), the terms and conditions of this Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry.

7. The Debtors are authorized to take all action necessary to effectuate the relief granted in this Order in accordance with the Motion.

8. This Court retains exclusive jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Order.

**Exhibit 1**

## Restructuring Support Agreement

ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AS CONTAINING “ADEQUATE INFORMATION” WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 1125(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT, TOGETHER WITH A RELATED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT TO BE FILED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND IS SUBJECT TO AMENDMENT PRIOR TO SUCH APPROVAL BEING GRANTED. YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN, OR THE TERMS OF, THIS AGREEMENT FOR ANY PURPOSE BEFORE THE INFORMATION HAS BEEN APPROVED AS PART OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR THE BANKRUPTCY COURT HAS OTHERWISE APPROVED THIS AGREEMENT.

### RESTRUCTURING SUPPORT AGREEMENT

This **RESTRUCTURING SUPPORT AGREEMENT** (as amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof, together with all exhibits and schedules attached hereto or incorporated herein, this “**Agreement**”) dated as of July 1, 2021 is entered into by and among:

- (a) Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC, as debtors and debtors in possession (together, the “**Debtors**”);
- (b) James L. Patton, Jr., the legal representative appointed by the Bankruptcy Court for holders of Future Abuse Claims (the “**Future Claimants’ Representative**”);
- (c) the Coalition of Abused Scouts for Justice (the “**Coalition**”);
- (d) the Official Committee of Tort Claimants (the “**TCC**”);
- (e) the Ad Hoc Committee of Local Councils (the “**AHCLC**”);
- (f) the attorneys listed on **Schedule 1** hereto (“**State Court Counsel**”), each of whom is state court counsel to holders of Direct Abuse Claims; and
- (g) any Joining Parties who subsequently become party to this Agreement in accordance with the terms hereof.

Each of the Debtors, the Future Claimants’ Representative, the Coalition, the TCC, the AHCLC, the State Court Counsel, and any person or entity that subsequently becomes a party hereto in accordance with the terms hereof are referred to herein collectively as the “**Parties**” and each individually as a “**Party**.” Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the June 18 Plan (as defined below), the Boy Scouts of America Reorganization Term Sheet attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “**Term Sheet**”), or the Trust Distribution Procedures attached hereto as **Exhibit B** (the “**TDP**” or “**Trust Distribution Procedures**”).

## RECITALS

**WHEREAS**, on February 18, 2020, the Debtors commenced voluntary cases (the “**Chapter 11 Cases**”) under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.* (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Bankruptcy Court**”).

**WHEREAS**, on April 24, 2020, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order appointing the Future Claimants’ Representative. [D.I. 486].

**WHEREAS**, on July 24, 2020, the Coalition filed a notice of appearance [D.I. 1040]. The Coalition is an ad hoc committee comprising thousands of holders of Direct Abuse Claims.

**WHEREAS**, on June 18, 2021, the Debtors filed the *Third Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization for Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC* [D.I. 5368] (as may be subsequently amended, modified, or supplemented, the “**June 18 Plan**”) and the *Proposed Amendments to Disclosure Statement for the Third Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization for Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC* [D.I. 5371] (as may be subsequently amended, modified, or supplemented, the “**Disclosure Statement**”).

**WHEREAS**, the Parties have engaged in good-faith, arm’s-length negotiations regarding certain restructuring transactions (as embodied herein, the “**Settlement**”), including modifications and/or amendments to the Plan and the Disclosure Statement substantially on the terms reflected in the Term Sheet and the Trust Distribution Procedures.

**WHEREAS**, this Agreement sets forth the agreement among the Parties concerning their commitment, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, to seek that the June 18 Plan as modified consistent with this Agreement and the Term Sheet (the “**Amended Plan**”), is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the promises and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and incorporating and affirming the accuracy of the Recitals state above, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

## AGREEMENT

### **I. DEFINITIONS; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION**

**A. Definitions.** The following terms shall have the following definitions:

“**AHCLC**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereof.

“**Amended Plan**” has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

“**Bankruptcy Code**” has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

“**Bankruptcy Court**” has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

**“Chapter 11 Cases”** has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

**“Coalition”** has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereof.

“**Coalition Professionals**” means (i) Brown Rudnick LLP, (ii) Robbins, Russell, Englert, Orseck & Untereiner LLP, (iii) Monzack, Mersky and Browder, P.A., (iv) Province, (v) Parsons, Farnell & Grein, LLP, and (vi) any experts employed by the Coalition in connection with confirmation of the Amended Plan.

“**Court of Appeals**” means the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit.

**“Creditor Termination Event”** has the meaning set forth in Section V.B hereof.

**“Debtors”** has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereof.

**“Definitive Documents”** means, collectively, (i) the Amended Plan, (ii) the Confirmation Order, (iii) the Disclosure Statement, (iv) the Disclosure Statement Order, (v) the solicitation materials with respect to the Amended Plan, (vi) the Plan Documents, (vii) the Plan Supplement, (viii) the RSA Approval Order, (ix) any motions or pleadings filed by the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases seeking approval or confirmation of the foregoing, and (x) any exhibits, appendices, or schedules contemplated by the foregoing clause (i) - (x).

**“Disclosure Statement”** has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

**“Disclosure Statement Order”** means an order entered by the Bankruptcy Court approving the Disclosure Statement and related solicitation materials.

“**District Court**” means the United States District Court for the District of Delaware.

**“Estimation Matters”** means the Estimation Motion and the motion to withdraw the reference with respect to the Estimation Motion that is pending under Case No. 21-cv-00392 in the District Court.

“**Estimation Motion**” means the Motion of the Future Claimants’ Representative, the Official Committee of Tort Claimants, and the Coalition of Abused Scouts for Justice for Entry of an Order, Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) and 502(c), (I) Authorizing an Estimation of Current and Future Abuse Claims and (II) Establishing Procedures and Schedule for Estimation Proceedings [D.I. 2391].

“**Execution Date**” means the date that this Agreement, as executed by all Parties hereto, is filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

**“Findings and Orders”** has the meaning set forth in Section II.A.(i) hereof.

“**Future Claimants’ Representative**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereof.

**“Hartford Settlement”** means the Settlement Agreement and Release executed on or about April 15, 2021 between the BSA and Hartford Accident and Indemnity Company, First State Insurance Company, Twin City Fire Insurance Company and Navigators Specialty Insurance Company, as attached to the Second Mediators’ Report dated April 16, 2021 [D.I. 2624].

**“Joining Party”** has the meaning set forth in Section XXI hereof.

**“June 18 Plan”** has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

“**Monthly Fee Cap**” means the cap on professional fees and expenses of the Coalition Professionals from the effective date of this Agreement until the Effective Date, which is \$950,000.00 per month (pro-rated for any partial month).

**“Parties”** has the meaning set forth in the preamble hereof.

“**Plan Documents**” means, collectively, the Amended Plan, the Disclosure Statement, each of the documents comprising the Plan Supplement, all of the Exhibits and Schedules attached to any of the foregoing (including the Settlement Trust Documents). The Plan Documents shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative.

“**Plan Supplement**” means the supplement to the Amended Plan to be filed in the Chapter 11 Cases, that includes forms of certain documents effectuating the transaction contemplated in the Amended Plan and shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than fourteen (14) days prior to the deadline set for all persons entitled to vote on the Amended Plan to vote to accept or reject the Amended Plan.

**“Preliminary Injunction Order”** means the *Order Approving Fourth Stipulation by and Among the Boy Scouts of America, the Official Committee of Survivors of Abuse, and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors Modifying the Consent Order Granting the BSA’s Motion for a Preliminary Injunction Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) and 362 and Further Extending the Termination Date of the Standstill Period* [D.I. 162], Adv. Pro. Case No. 20-50527 (LSS).

**“RSA Approval Order”** means an order of the Bankruptcy Court, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors, the Future Claimants’ Representative, the Coalition, and the TCC which shall approve the Debtors’ entry into this Agreement.

“**RSA Deadline**” means July 28, 2021, which date may be amended or extended by agreement of the Debtors, the Future Claimants’ Representative, the Coalition, and the TCC pursuant to Sections V.A and X hereof.

“**RSA Motion**” means a motion seeking an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the Debtors’ entry into this Agreement.

**“Scouting Termination Event”** has the meaning set forth in Section V.C hereof.

**“Settlement”** has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.



“**Support Period**” means the period commencing on the Execution Date and ending on the earlier of the (i) date on which this Agreement is terminated in accordance with Section V hereof and (ii) the Effective Date of the Amended Plan.

“**TDP**” and “**Trust Distribution Procedures**” has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereof.

**B. Rules of Construction.** Each reference in this Agreement to “this Agreement”, “hereunder,” “hereof,” “herein,” or words of like import shall mean and be a reference to this Agreement, including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Term Sheet. Including shall mean “including without limitation.” Additionally, for all references to written notices or other writings described herein, electronic mail to the Parties as set forth in Section XVIII shall be sufficient. When a reference is made in this Agreement to a Section, Exhibit, or Schedule, such reference shall be to a Section, Exhibit, or Schedule, respectively, of or attached to this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. Unless the context of this Agreement otherwise requires, (i) words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number, respectively, (ii) the words “include,” “includes” and “including” when used herein shall be deemed in each case to be followed by the words “without limitation,” and (iii) the word “or” shall not be exclusive and shall be read to mean “and/or.” The Parties agree that they have been represented by legal counsel during the negotiation and execution of this Agreement and, therefore, waive the application of any law, regulation, holding, or rule of construction providing that ambiguities in an agreement or other document shall be construed against the party drafting such agreement or document.

**A. Affirmative Covenants of the Debtors.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the Debtors shall:

- FCRA00151

- (B) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that (i) the procedures included in the TDP pertaining to the allowance of Abuse Claims and (ii) the criteria included in the TDP pertaining to the calculation of the Allowed Claim Amounts, including the TDP's Claims Matrix, Base Matrix Values, Maximum Matrix Values, and Scaling Factors, are fair and reasonable based on the evidentiary record offered to the Bankruptcy Court;
  - (C) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the right to payment that the holder of an Abuse Claim has against the Debtors or another Protected Party is the allowed value of such Abuse Claim as liquidated in accordance with the TDP and is not (i) the initial or supplemental payment percentages established under the TDP to make distributions to holders of allowed Abuse Claims or (ii) the contributions made by the Debtors or any Protected Party to the Settlement Trust;
  - (D) the Bankruptcy Code authorizes the Insurance Assignment as provided in the Amended Plan, notwithstanding any terms of any policies or provisions of non-bankruptcy law that is argued to prohibit the delegation, assignment, or other transfer of such rights, and the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Settlement Trust is a proper defendant for Abuse Claims to assert the liability of the Protected Parties to trigger such insurance rights; and
  - (E) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Plan and the TDP were proposed in good faith and are sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (ii) use reasonable efforts to propose and pursue the Amended Plan and seek the entry of the Confirmation Order that incorporate the terms of the Settlement including any conditions thereto (including all of the terms hereof relating to the treatment of, and distributions on, Abuse Claims);
  - (iii) use reasonable efforts to support, implement, and complete the Settlement and all transactions contemplated under this Agreement, including incorporating the Settlement into the applicable Definitive Documents;
  - (iv) use reasonable efforts to seek confirmation of the Amended Plan prior to the automatic termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section V.A hereof;
  - (v) use reasonable efforts to promptly notify or update counsel to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative upon becoming aware of any of the following occurrences: (A) a Creditor Termination Event has

occurred and is continuing, or (B) any event that would reasonably be expected to materially impede or prevent the implementation of the Settlement;

- (vi) (A) following the effective date of this Agreement, for so long as this Agreement remains in full force and effect and subject to the Monthly Fee Cap (*provided, however*, that any unused portion of the Monthly Fee Cap for any such month may be carried forward or carried back to and utilized in any subsequent or prior month), pay the reasonable, documented and contractual professional fees and expenses of the Coalition Professionals on a monthly basis promptly following the Debtors' receipt of a summary of invoices; and (B) upon the Effective Date, reimburse State Court Counsel for amounts they have paid to the Coalition Professionals for, and/or pay the Coalition Professionals for amounts payable by State Court Counsel but not yet paid to Coalition Professionals for, reasonable, documented and contractual professional and advisory fees and expenses incurred by the Coalition from July 24, 2020 to and including the Effective Date up to an aggregate amount of \$10.5 million (the "***Plan Effective Date Cap***"), and amounts otherwise payable in excess thereof shall be payable, if at all, by the Settlement Trust after the Effective Date. For the avoidance of doubt, fees and expenses paid monthly pursuant to Section II.A.(vi).A shall not count against or reduce the Plan Effective Date Cap;
- (vii) obtain the approval of the RSA Approval Order on or before the RSA Deadline;
- (viii) by the RSA Motion, or a separate motion to be filed contemporaneously with the RSA Motion, seek a determination of the Bankruptcy Court that the Debtors have no obligations under the Hartford Settlement;
- (ix) provide to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, by no later than July 31, 2021, a current experience study conducted by the Pension Plan actuary with respect to demographic assumptions for the Pension Plan (*e.g.*, rates of retirement, termination, spousal age difference, commencement age and forms of payment); and
- (x) absent the entry of a stay of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court, the District Court, or the Court of Appeals, upon the entry of the Confirmation Order, and regardless of whether any party files an appeal of any order entered in the Chapter 11 Cases, move expeditiously to cause the Amended Plan to become effective.

**B. Negative Covenants of the Debtors.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the Debtors shall not, directly or indirectly:

- (i) propose, pursue, or support any other plan of reorganization or confirmation order that is not materially consistent with the terms hereof, including the Amended Plan and the TDP;
- (ii) propose or pursue a plan or confirmation order that does not incorporate the terms of the Settlement, including the Findings and Orders, and is not otherwise consistent with the terms hereof;
- (iii) propose, pursue, or enter into any settlements with any Insurance Company without the prior written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative;
- (iv) propose, support, solicit, encourage, or participate in any chapter 11 plan or settlement of the Abuse Claims other than as set forth herein;
- (v) take any actions, or fail to take any actions, where such taking or failing to take actions would be, in either case, (A) materially inconsistent with this Agreement or (B) otherwise materially inconsistent with, or reasonably expected to prevent, interfere with, delay or impede the implementation or consummation of, the Amended Plan or the Settlement; or
- (vi) encourage any entity to undertake any action prohibited by this Section II.B.

**C. Fiduciary Obligations of the Debtors.** Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, no term or condition of this Agreement, the Settlement, the Amended Plan or the TDP shall require the Debtors to take or refrain from taking any action that the Debtors determine in good faith would be inconsistent with their fiduciary duties under applicable law. Moreover, nothing in this Agreement shall prohibit the Debtors from (1) enforcing any right, remedy, condition, consent, or approval requirement under this Agreement or any Definitive Documents, (2) asserting or raising any objection not prohibited under or inconsistent with this Agreement in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, (3) taking any action which is required by applicable law or declining to take any action which is prohibited by applicable law, (4) retaining the benefit of any applicable legal professional privilege, (5) making, seeking, or receiving any regulatory filings, notifications, consents, determinations, authorizations, permits, approvals, licenses, or the like, (6) taking any action that is not inconsistent with this Agreement, or (7) consulting with other parties in the Chapter 11 Cases. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors acknowledge that their entry into this Agreement is consistent with their fiduciary duties as of the Execution Date.

### III. AGREEMENTS OF THE AHCLC

**A. Affirmative Covenants of the AHCLC.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the AHCLC and its members shall use reasonable efforts to persuade Local Councils chartered by the Debtors to commit to contribute the aggregate amount set forth in the Term Sheet on the terms set forth in the Term Sheet.

**B. No Liability.** Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement shall (x) be construed to prohibit the AHCLC or its members from contesting

**A. Affirmative Covenants of the State Court Counsel.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the State Court Counsel shall:

- <sup>1</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Agreement shall require, or shall be interpreted to require, any State Court Counsel to support any plan that (i) incorporates the Hartford Settlement or (ii) would cause, directly or indirectly, the Hartford Settlement to become effective.

- B. Affirmative Covenants of the Coalition, the TCC, the State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants' Representative.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants' Representative, as applicable, shall use reasonable efforts to:

- C. Negative Covenants of the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants' Representative.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the duration of the Support Period, the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants' Representative, as applicable, and each of their



- Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement, the Settlement, the Amended Plan or the TDP shall require the TCC or the Future Claimants' Representative to take or refrain from taking any action that it determines in good faith would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable law. Moreover, notwithstanding the foregoing, but subject to the last sentence of this paragraph, nothing in this Agreement shall (x) be construed to prohibit the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative from contesting whether any matter, fact, or thing is a breach of, or is inconsistent with, this Agreement or the Definitive Documents, or exercising rights or remedies specifically reserved herein; (y) be construed to prohibit or limit the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative from appearing as a party-in-interest in any matter to be adjudicated in the Chapter 11 Cases, so long as, during the Support Period, such appearance and the positions advocated in connection therewith are not materially inconsistent



**A. Automatic Termination.** This Agreement will terminate automatically as to all Parties if (i) the Effective Date fails to occur on or before May 31, 2022 or (ii) the RSA Approval Order is not entered on or before the RSA Deadline; *provided* that the deadlines set forth in items (i) and (ii) of the foregoing may be extended by written consent of the Debtors, the AHCLC, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative.

**B. Termination by Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants’ Representative.** The Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants’ Representative may each terminate this Agreement with respect to itself only as set forth in Section V.D, in each case upon delivery of written notice to the Debtors at any time after the occurrence of or during the continuation of any of the following events (each, a “**Creditor Termination Event**”):

- (i) the material breach by the Debtors or the AHCLC of any of their obligations, representations, warranties, or covenants set forth in this Agreement;
- (ii) the Debtors at any time either (A) fail to propose and pursue an Amended Plan and Confirmation Order that contain the terms of the Settlement, including the Findings and Orders, and are otherwise consistent with the terms hereof, or (B) propose, pursue or support or announce in writing or in

court an intention to propose, pursue or support a plan of reorganization or confirmation order inconsistent with the terms of the Settlement, the terms hereof, the Amended Plan or the TDP;

- (iii) the Bankruptcy Court allows a plan proponent other than the Debtors to commence soliciting votes on a plan other than the Amended Plan incorporating the Settlement, and the Debtors have not already solicited, been authorized to solicit, or are not simultaneously soliciting, votes on the Amended Plan incorporating the Settlement;
- (iv) the Bankruptcy Court confirms a plan other than the Amended Plan;
- (v) (A) the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Debtors must adhere to the terms of the Hartford Settlement and (B) the Debtors and Hartford have failed to reach an agreement that is acceptable to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative;
- (vi) after the RSA Deadline, the Debtors, absent the prior written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, propose, pursue, solicit votes on, or support any plan or confirmation order that incorporates the Hartford Settlement, seek the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Hartford Settlement, or cause, directly or indirectly, the Hartford Settlement to become effective;
- (vii) the result of the 2021 Experience Study (as defined in the Term Sheet) is a net increase in liabilities under the Pension Plan of 1.0% or more (*provided* that this Creditor Termination Event may be not be exercised after August 6, 2021);
- (viii) the issuance, promulgation, or enactment by any governmental entity, including any regulatory or licensing authority or court of competent jurisdiction (including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court which has not been stayed), of any statute, regulation, ruling or order declaring the Amended Plan or any material portion thereof (in each case, to the extent it relates to the Settlement or the terms hereof) to be unenforceable or enjoining or otherwise restricting the consummation of any material portion of the Amended Plan (to the extent it relates to the Settlement) or the Settlement, and such ruling, judgment, or order has not been stayed, reversed, or vacated, within fifteen (15) calendar days after issuance;
- (ix) a trustee under section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code or an examiner with expanded powers shall have been appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases; or
- (x) an order for relief under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been entered in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Chapter 11 Cases shall have been dismissed, in each case by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors and the AHCLC shall have ten (10) calendar days from the receipt of any such written notice of termination from any of the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative, in each case, as applicable, specifying the purported default or Creditor Termination Event to cure any purported default or Creditor Termination Event under this section and no termination of this Agreement shall be effective unless and until the expiration of such ten (10) calendar day period without such purported default or Creditor Termination Event being waived or cured, *provided* that such ten (10) calendar day period shall not be applicable to the extent passage of such period would materially impair the right the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative, as applicable, to object to, or appear in Court with respect to, the Amended Plan, which actions shall be permitted following written notice of termination from the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative, as applicable.

**C. Termination by Debtors / AHCLC.** The Debtors or the AHCLC may terminate this Agreement as set forth in Section V.D, in each case upon delivery of written notice to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative at any time after the occurrence of or during the continuation of any of the following events (each, a “**Scouting Termination Event**”):

- (i) the material breach by any State Court Counsel, the Coalition, the TCC, or the Future Claimants' Representative of any of their undertakings, obligations, representations, warranties, or covenants set forth in this Agreement;
- (ii) the Bankruptcy Court allows a plan proponent other than the Debtors to commence soliciting votes on a plan other than the Amended Plan;
- (iii) the Bankruptcy Court confirms a plan other than the Amended Plan;
- (iv) (A) the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Debtors must adhere to the terms of the Hartford Settlement and (B) the Debtors and Hartford have failed to reach an agreement that is acceptable to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative;
- (v) in the case of the Debtors, the issuance, promulgation, or enactment by any governmental entity, including any regulatory or licensing authority or court of competent jurisdiction (including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court which has not been stayed), of any statute, regulation, ruling or order declaring the Amended Plan or any material portion thereof (in each case, to the extent it relates to the Settlement or the terms hereof) to be unenforceable or enjoining or otherwise restricting the consummation of any material portion of the Amended Plan (to the extent it relates to the Settlement) or the Settlement, and such ruling, judgment, or order has not been stayed, reversed, or vacated, within fifteen (15) calendar days after issuance;

- (vi) a trustee under section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code or an examiner with expanded powers shall have been appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases;
- (vii) an order for relief under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been entered in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Chapter 11 Cases shall have been dismissed, in each case by order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- (viii) termination of this Agreement by the Coalition, the TCC, any State Court Counsel, or the Future Claimants' Representative if the Debtors reasonably determine that such termination will cause the Amended Plan not to be accepted by a sufficient number of holders of Direct Abuse Claims; or
- (ix) the National Executive Board of the BSA determines that continued performance under this Agreement (including taking any action or refraining from taking any action) would be inconsistent with the exercise of its fiduciary duties, or duties as directors, in each case under applicable law (as reasonably determined by such board in good faith after consultation with legal counsel); *provided* that the Debtors provide written notice within three (3) business days of such determination to counsel to the Coalition, the TCC, the Future Claimants' Representative and the AHCLC of such determination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Coalition, the TCC, State Court Counsel, and the Future Claimants' Representative shall have ten (10) calendar days from the receipt of any such written notice of termination from the Debtors specifying the purported default or Scouting Termination Event to cure any purported default or Scouting Termination Event under this section and no termination of this Agreement shall be effective unless and until the expiration of such ten (10) calendar day period without such purported default or Scouting Termination Event being waived or cured.

**D. Termination Generally.**

- (i) No Party may terminate this Agreement based on an event caused by such Party's own failure to perform or comply in all material respects with the terms and conditions of this Agreement (unless such failure to perform or comply arises as a result of another Party's actions or inactions).
- (ii) Upon termination of this Agreement in accordance with this Section V by any Party (including by any State Court Counsel), (A) such Party shall be released from any prospective commitments, undertakings, and agreements under or related to this Agreement other than obligations under this Agreement that by their terms expressly survive termination; and (B) this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect with respect to all Parties other than such Party. Additionally, solely in the case of termination by all of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, the Estimation Matters shall immediately recommence.

- (iii) Termination of this Agreement shall not relieve any Party of any liability on account of any breach hereof, including any breach of covenants, and the Parties may pursue remedies at law or in equity.

**VI. DEFINITIVE DOCUMENTS.** Each Party hereby covenants and agrees to cooperate with each other in good faith in connection with, and shall exercise reasonable efforts with respect to, the pursuit, approval, implementation, and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Amended Plan as well as the negotiation, drafting, execution, and delivery of the Definitive Documents. Furthermore, subject to the terms hereof, each of the Parties shall take such action as may be reasonably necessary or reasonably requested by the other Parties to carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement, and shall refrain from taking any action that would frustrate the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

**VII. MUTUAL REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.** Each of the Parties, severally and not jointly, represents and warrants to each other Party that the following statements are true, correct, and complete as of the date hereof (or, if later, the date that such Party first became or becomes a Party) but, solely with respect to the Debtors, subject to any limitations or approvals arising from, or required by, the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases:

- A. this Agreement is a legal, valid, and binding obligation of such Party, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws relating to or limiting creditors' rights generally or by equitable principles relating to enforceability;
- B. except as expressly provided in this Agreement, and subject to entry of the RSA Approval Order in the case of the Debtors, it has all requisite organizational power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to carry out the Settlement contemplated by, and perform its obligations under, this Agreement;
- C. the execution and delivery by it of this Agreement, and the performance of its obligations hereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary organizational action on its part;
- D. it has been represented by counsel in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and
- E. the execution, delivery, and performance by such Party of this Agreement does not and will not (i) violate any provision of law, rule, or regulation applicable to it or any of its subsidiaries or its charter or bylaws (or other similar governing documents) or those of any of its subsidiaries, (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of, or constitute (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) a default under any material debt for borrowed money to which it or any of its subsidiaries is a party, or (iii) violate any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule, or regulation.

- VIII. REPRESENTATIONS OF STATE COURT COUNSEL.** Each State Court Counsel represents and warrants to the Debtors that, as of the date hereof, it represents the number of holders of Direct Abuse Claims who filed timely Direct Abuse Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases that is listed next to its name on **Schedule 1** hereto.
- IX. GOOD FAITH COOPERATION.** Each Party hereby covenants and agrees to cooperate with each other in good faith in connection with, and shall exercise reasonable efforts with respect to the pursuit, approval, negotiation, execution, delivery, and implementation of the Settlement and the Amended Plan, subject to the same provisions contained in Sections II, III and IV of this Agreement. The Debtors shall use reasonable efforts to provide counsel for the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative drafts of all motions, applications, and other substantive pleadings (including the Amended Plan and/or Disclosure Statement amendments) the Debtors intends to file with the Bankruptcy Court to implement the Settlement (or that could reasonably be expected to affect implementation of the Settlement) at least three (3) calendar days before the date when the Debtors intend to file such pleading, unless such advance notice is impossible or impracticable under the circumstances, in which case the Debtors shall use reasonable efforts to notify telephonically or by electronic mail counsel to the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative to advise them as such and, in any event, shall provide drafts as soon as reasonably practicable; *provided, however*, that nothing in this Agreement shall waive any privilege that the Parties had individually (or which the Parties (or any of them) held jointly but could not waive without the consent of another entity) prior to the entry into this Agreement.
- X. AMENDMENTS.** Unless otherwise specifically provided herein, no amendment, modification, waiver, or other supplement of the terms of this Agreement (including the Amended Plan and the TDP) shall be valid unless such amendment, modification, waiver, or other supplement is in writing and has been signed by the Debtors, the Coalition, the TCC, the AHCLC, and the Future Claimants' Representative.
- XI. ENTIRE AGREEMENT.** This Agreement, including the Amended Plan and the TDP, constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, and supersedes all other prior negotiations, agreements and understandings, whether written or oral, among the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement; *provided* that to the extent this Agreement incorporates by reference provisions of the Term Sheet, those incorporated Term Sheet provisions shall be part of the entire agreement of the Parties.
- XII. NO WAIVER OF PARTICIPATION AND PRESERVATION OF RIGHTS.** If the transactions contemplated herein are not consummated, or following the occurrence of the termination of this Agreement with respect to all Parties, nothing herein shall be construed as a waiver by any Party of any or all of such Parties' rights, privileges, remedies, claims, and defenses and the Parties expressly reserve any and all of their respective rights, privileges, remedies, claims and defenses.
- XIII. COUNTERPARTS.** This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which together shall be deemed to be



one and the same agreement. Execution copies of this Agreement may be delivered by electronic mail in portable document format (pdf.), facsimile or otherwise, which shall be deemed to be an original for the purposes of this Section.

**XIV. HEADINGS.** The headings of the Sections, paragraphs, and subsections of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation hereof or, for any purpose, be deemed a part of this Agreement.

**XV. REMEDIES.** It is understood and agreed by the Parties that, without limiting any other remedies available at law or equity, money damages would be an insufficient remedy for any breach of this Agreement by any Party and each non-breaching Party shall be entitled to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief as a remedy of any such breach, including, without limitation, an order of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction requiring any Party to comply promptly with any of its obligations hereunder, without the necessity of proving the inadequacy of money damages as a remedy. Each of the Parties hereby waives any defense that, with respect to an action for breach of this Agreement, a remedy at law is adequate and any requirement to post bond or other security in connection with actions instituted for injunctive relief, specific performance, or other equitable remedies.

**XVI. GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.** This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to such state's choice of law provisions which would require the application of the law of any other jurisdiction. By its execution and delivery of this Agreement, each of the Parties irrevocably and unconditionally agrees for itself, that any legal action, suit or proceeding against it with respect to any matter arising under or arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or for recognition or enforcement of any judgment rendered in any such action, suit or proceeding, shall be brought in the Bankruptcy Court, and each of the Parties irrevocably accepts and submits itself to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court.

**XVII. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL.** EACH OF THE PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ALL RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

**XVIII. NOTICES.** All notices, requests and other communications hereunder must be in writing to the Parties at the following addresses, facsimile numbers or email addresses set forth below or on **Schedule 1** hereto (with notice of same to be provided to all applicable email addresses):

If to the Debtors:

Boy Scouts of America  
1325 W. Walnut Hill Lane  
Irving, Texas 75015  
Attention: Steven McGowan, General Counsel

Email: Steve.McGowan@scouting.org

with copies to:

White & Case LLP  
1221 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10020  
Attention: Jessica C. Lauria  
Email: jessica.lauria@whitecase.com

– and –

White & Case LLP  
111 South Wacker Drive, Suite 5100  
Chicago, Illinois 60606  
Attention: Michael C. Andolina  
Matthew E. Linder  
Email: mandolina@whitecase.com  
mlinder@whitecase.com

If to the Coalition:

Coalition of Abused Scouts for Justice  
c/o Brown Rudnick LLP  
Seven Times Square  
New York, NY 10036  
Telephone: (212) 209-4800  
Attention: David J. Molton  
Eric R. Goodman  
Email: dmolton@brownrudnick.com  
egoodman@brownrudnick.com  
sbeville@brownrudnick.com  
taxelrod@brownrudnick.com

If to the Official Committee of Tort Claimants:

Official Committee of Tort Claimants  
c/o Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP  
919 North Market Street  
17th Floor  
Wilmington, Delaware 19801  
Telephone: (302) 652-4100  
Attention: James I. Stang  
John W. Lucas  
James E. O'Neill  
Email: jstang@pszjlaw.com  
jlucas@pszjlaw.com



jo'neill@pszjlaw.com

If to the AHCLC:

Ad Hoc Committee of Local Councils  
c/o Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz  
51 West 52nd Street  
New York, New York 10019  
Telephone: (212) 403-1000  
Attention: Richard G. Mason  
Joseph C. Celentino  
Email: RGMason@wlrk.com  
JCCelentino@wlrk.com

If to the Future Claimants Representative:

James L. Patton  
c/o Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor, LLP  
Rodney Square  
1000 North King Street  
Wilmington, Delaware 19801  
Telephone: (302) 571-6600  
Attention: James L. Patton  
Robert S. Brady  
Edwin J. Harron  
Email: jpatton@ycst.com  
rbrady@ycst.com  
eharron@ycst.com

For the avoidance of doubt when written notice or approval is required by this Agreement, electronic mail shall be sufficient. Any notice given by mail or courier shall be effective when received. Any notice given by facsimile or electronic mail shall be effective upon oral, machine or electronic mail (as applicable) confirmation of transmission.

**XIX. REMEDIES CUMULATIVE.** All rights, powers and remedies provided under this Agreement or otherwise available in respect hereof at law or in equity shall be cumulative and not alternative, and the exercise of any right, power, or remedy thereof by any Party shall not preclude the simultaneous or later exercise of any other such right, power or remedy by such Party.

**XX. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS.** Except as expressly provided in this Agreement incorporating the Term Sheet, nothing herein is intended to, or does, in any manner waive, limit, impair, or restrict the ability of any Party to protect and preserve its rights, remedies and interests.

**XXI. ADDITIONAL STATE COURT COUNSEL.** Counsel for holders of Direct Abuse Claims may at any time become a party to this Agreement by executing a joinder agreement, pursuant to which such **“Joining Party”** represents and warrants to the Debtors

**XXII. NO THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARIES.** Solely in the event that either (A) the Coalition disbands or otherwise ceases to exist or (B) the Coalition expressly authorizes such action, on notice to the Debtors, any member of the Coalition, by and through their State Court Counsel, shall be deemed third-party beneficiaries of this Agreement and shall be entitled to enforce the rights of the Coalition (and shall be subject to the same obligations as the Coalition) under this Agreement. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, the terms and provisions of this Agreement are intended solely for the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns, and it is not the intention of the Parties to confer third-party beneficiary rights upon any other person.

FCRA00167











**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Bob P. H.

Name: Adam P. Sinter

Firm: Slater Slater Schulman LLP









**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Henry

Name: Deborah Leuy

Firm: Tunell & Associates, PLLC



Dennis Reich

Reich and Binstock

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Adam Krause

Name: 


Firm: Krause and Kinsman, LLC

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By:

Name:

Firm:



Name: Arno Heckman

Firm: BAILEY COWAN AECOMAN PLC



**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By:

Name:

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FCRA00181

Wendy Caplan

Firm: MOTLEY RICE LLC

CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL

By:

Mitchell A. Toups

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Firm:

Wells, Green, Toups

6/23/21

2 Terra ILP

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: 

Name: John G. Harnishfeger

Firm: Colter Legal PLLC

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

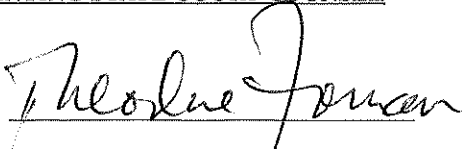
By:                     

Name: Staesha Rath

Firm: Christina Pendleton & Associates

CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL

By:



Name:



Firm:



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**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Ken D. Sur

Name: Kevin D. Swenson

Firm: Swenson & Shelley

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Bruce Chen

Name: Brooke Cohen and Andrea Hirsch

Firm: Cohen Hirsch, LP  
(Brooke F. Cohen Law, PLLC and Hirsch Law Firm, LLC)

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: Damon J. Baldone

Name: Damon J. Baldone

Firm: Damon J. Baldone, APC

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By:                     

Name: A. Brooks Cutter

Firm: Cutter Law P.C.



**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By:                     

Name: Tim Porter

Firm: Porter / Malouf

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: 

Name: Willard Moody Jr

Firm: The Moody Law Firm

**CONSENTING STATE COURT COUNSEL**

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: W. CAMERON STEPHENSON

Firm: LEVIN PAPANTONIO et. al.



Firm: Marc J. Bern & Partners, LLP

### Schedule 1

## State Court Counsel

FCRA00197

**Schedule 1****State Court Counsel**

<b>FIRM</b>	<b>NOTICE ADDRESS</b>	<b>CLAIMS</b>
Slater Slater Schulman LLP	Attn: Adam P. Slater (aslater@sssfirm.com) 488 Madison Avenue 20 <sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10022	14170
ASK LLP	Attn: Joseph Steinfeld (jsteinfeld@askllp.com) 151 West 46 <sup>th</sup> Street, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10036	3277
Andrews & Thornton, AAL, ALC	Andrews & Thornton Attn: Anne Andrews (aa@andrewsthornton.com) 4701 Von Karman Ave., Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660	3009
Eisenberg, Rothweiler, Winkler, Eisenberg & Jeck, P.C.	Attn: Stewart J. Eisenberg (stewart@erlegal.com) 1634 Spruce Street Philadelphia, PA 19103	16869
Junell & Associates PLLC	Attn: Deborah Levy (dlevy@junell-law.com) 3737 Buffalo Speedway Ste. 1850 Houston, TX 77098	2918
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Krause & Kinsman Law Firm	Attn: Adam W. Krause (adam@krauseandkinsman.com) 4717 Grand Avenue #300 Kansas City, MO 64112	5981
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Jason J. Joy & Associates, PLLC	Attn: Jason Joy (jason@jasonjoylaw.com) 909 Texas St, Ste 1801	690

	Houston, TX 770022	
Motley Rice LLC	Attn: Daniel Lapinski (dlapinski@motleyrice.com) 28 Bridgeside Blvd. Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464	343
Weller Green Toups & Terrell LLP	Attn: Mitchell Toups (matoups@wgttlaw.com) 2615 Calder Ave. #400 Beaumont, TX 77702	974
Colter Legal PLLC	Attn: John Harnishfeger (john.harnishfeger@colterlegal.com) 1717 K St. NW Suite 900 Washington D.C. 20006	162
Christina Pendleton & Associates, PLLC	Attn: Staesha Rath (sr@cpenlaw.com) 1506 Staples Mill Rd. Suite 101 Richmond, VA 23230	309
Forman Law Offices, P.A.	Attn: Theodore Forman (ted@formanlawoffices.com) 238 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> Ave. Delray Beach, FL 33444	125
Danziger & De Llano LLP	Attn: Rod de Llano (rod@dandell.com) 440 Louisiana St. Suite 1212 Houston, TX 77002	173
Swenson & Shelley	Attn: Kevin Swenson (kevin@swensonshelley.com) 107 South 1470 East, Ste. 201 St. George, UT 84790	175
Cohen Hirsch LP (formerly Brooke F. Cohen Law, Hirsch Law Firm)	Attn: Brooke F. Cohen (brookefcohenlaw@gmail.com) Attn: Andrea Hirsch (andrea@thehirschlawfirm.com) 4318 Glenwick Lane Dallas, TX 75205	64
Damon J. Baldone PLC	Attn: Damon J. Baldone (damon@baldonelaw.com) 162 New Orleans Blvd. Houma LA 70364	471

Cutter Law, P.C.	Attn: Brooks Cutter (bcutter@cutterlaw.com) 4179 Piedmont Ave. 3rd Fl. Oakland, CA 94611	358
Linville Johnson & Pahlke Law Group	Attn: Robert Pahlke (rgp@pahlkelawgroup.com) 2425 Circle Dr., Ste. 200 Scottsbluff NE 69361	71
Porter & Malouf P.A.	Attn: Timothy Porter (tporter@portermalouf.com) 825 Ridgewood Rd. Ridgeland, MS 39157	86
The Moody Law Firm	Attn: Will Moody Jr. (will@moodyrrlaw.com) 500 Crawford St., Ste. 200 Portsmouth, VA 23704	677
Levin Papantonio Thomas Mitchell Rafferty & Procter P.A.	Attn: Cameron Stephenson (cstephenson@levinlaw.com) 316 South Baylen St. Pensacola, FL 32502	44
Marc J Bern & Partners LLP	Attn: Joseph Cappelli (jcappelli@bernllp.com) 60 East 42 <sup>nd</sup> St. Ste. 950 New York, NY 10165	5893



**THIS TERM SHEET IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF A CHAPTER 11 PLAN WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. ANY SUCH SOLICITATION WILL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS TERM SHEET SHALL BE AN ADMISSION OF FACT OR LIABILITY.**

### **Boy Scouts of America Reorganization Term Sheet**

This Term Sheet is between Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC (together, the “**Debtors**”), the attorneys listed on Schedule 1 to the Restructuring Support Agreement (the “**RSA**”) to which this Term Sheet is appended (together with any Joining Parties under the RSA, “**State Court Counsel**”), the Coalition of Abused Scouts for Justice (the “**Coalition**”), the Ad Hoc Committee of Local Councils (the “**AHCLC**”), the Official Tort Claimants’ Committee (the “**TCC**”), and James L. Patton, Jr., the legal representative appointed by the Bankruptcy Court for holders of Future Abuse Claims (the “**Future Claimants’ Representative**” and, collectively with the Debtors, State Court Counsel, the Coalition, the AHCLC, and the TCC, the “**Parties**”) and describes the proposed terms of the Debtors’ chapter 11 reorganization (the “**Reorganization**”), which shall be implemented through the *Third Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization for Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC* (D.I. 5368) filed on June 18, 2021 (the “**June 18 Plan**”), which is to be further amended in accordance with the terms hereof (the “**Amended Plan**”). The Amended Plan shall be consistent with the terms of this Term Sheet (as such may be amended or supplemented from time to time by agreement of the Parties). This Term Sheet incorporates the rules of construction set forth in Article I.B of the June 18 Plan. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the June 18 Plan or the RSA, as applicable. This Term Sheet does not include a description of all of the terms, conditions, and other provisions that are to be contained in the Amended Plan and the other definitive documents contemplated thereby, which remain subject to negotiation among the Parties (collectively, the “**Definitive Documents**”). Consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Term Sheet is subject to (a) the negotiation and execution of the Definitive Documents evidencing and related to the Reorganization and (b) the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions in any Definitive Document evidencing the transactions comprising the Reorganization, including the Amended Plan. The Definitive Documents shall satisfy the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, this Term Sheet, and the Amended Plan. The Definitive Documents shall contain terms and conditions that are dependent on each other, including those described in this Term Sheet and the Amended Plan.

#### **Agreement of the Parties**

The Coalition, State Court Counsel, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative agree (and such agreements shall be included in the RSA) that they shall support the proposal, solicitation, acceptance, and Confirmation of the Amended Plan containing the terms set forth in this Term Sheet. In addition, the Coalition, State Court Counsel, the TCC, and the Future Claimants’ Representative shall support extension of the Debtors’ exclusive plan filing and solicitation periods to the maximum extent permitted under section 1121(d)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code and, upon the Bankruptcy Court’s entry of the RSA Approval Order, the

Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative shall withdraw their objections thereto. The Parties shall also support an extension of the preliminary injunction (subject to exceptions that the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative may request and to which all of the other Parties, after consultation, do not object) regarding litigation of Abuse Claims through the Effective Date.	
<b>Treatment of Claims and Interests under the Plan</b>	
Other Priority Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
Other Secured Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
2010 Credit Facility Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
2019 RCF Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
2010 Bond Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
2012 Bond Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
Convenience Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
General Unsecured Claims	Shall receive same treatment as proposed in the June 18 Plan.
Non-Abuse Litigation Claims	Shall receive the treatment as proposed on <b>Schedule 1</b> hereto, which treatment has been approved by the Creditors' Committee, subject to Definitive Documentation.
Direct Abuse Claims	Shall be channeled to the Settlement Trust and administered in accordance with the Trust Distribution Procedures (" <b>TDP</b> ").
Indirect Abuse Claims	Shall be channeled to the Settlement Trust and administered in accordance with the TDP.
<b>Other Terms of the Restructuring</b>	
BSA Settlement Trust Contribution	<p>As set forth in the June 18 Plan, the BSA Settlement Trust Contribution shall include:</p> <p>(A) all of the Net Unrestricted Cash and Investments, which are forecasted to total approximately \$90 million subject to potential variance depending upon the timing of the Effective Date. The minimum amount of Unrestricted Cash and Investments to be retained by Reorganized BSA on the Effective Date shall be:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) \$25 million if the Effective Date occurs on or before September 30, 2021;</li> <li>(2) \$37 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after October 1, 2021 but before November 1, 2021;</li> <li>(3) \$36 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after November 1, 2021 but before December 1, 2021;</li> </ol>



	<p>(4) \$40 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after December 1, 2021 but before January 1, 2022;</p> <p>(5) \$57 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after January 1, 2022 but before February 1, 2022;</p> <p>(6) \$41 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after February 1, 2022 but before March 1, 2022;</p> <p>(7) \$55 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after March 1, 2022 but before April 1, 2022; and</p> <p>(8) \$54 million if the Effective Date occurs on or after April 1, 2022.</p> <p>The BSA will provide the Coalition, TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative the same reporting on its receipts and disbursements and cash flow forecasts versus actuals as provided for in the Final Cash Collateral Order. The Coalition, TCC and Future Claimants' Representative shall have the right to review the BSA's cash receipts and disbursements and the BSA will respond to reasonable questions thereon. Further, the BSA will consult with the Coalition, TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative on any proposed disbursement outside of the ordinary course of business prior to the Effective Date. The BSA will also provide the Coalition, TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative, each Wednesday, commencing on July 15, 2021, a report setting forth: (i) the anticipated cash disbursements in excess of \$100,000 for the immediately following week, including estimated amounts for benefits-related disbursements; and (ii) any unanticipated cash disbursements in excess of \$100,000 that were required during the preceding week.</p> <p>(B) the BSA Settlement Trust Note, which shall be a secured promissory note (secured by a second-lien security interest in inventory, accounts receivable (except the Arrow Intercompany Note), cash and the headquarters building of the BSA) due 91 days after the date that is ten (10) years after the Effective Date,<sup>1</sup> otherwise</p>
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<sup>1</sup> Based on their financial projections, the Debtors estimate that the BSA Settlement Trust Note will be fully paid off as of the calculation occurring December 31, 2029, for which the corresponding principal payment is due February 15, 2030.



	<p>(C) the Artwork, at a mutually agreed value of \$59.0 million;<sup>2</sup></p> <p>(D) the estimated \$11.6 million from sale-leaseback of Warehouse and Distribution Center (or the contribution of such property to the Settlement Trust and sale-leaseback thereof to Reorganized BSA);</p> <p>(E) the Oil and Gas Interests at a mutually agreed value of \$7.6 million); and</p> <p>(F) the \$1.962 million of net proceeds from the sale of Scouting University.</p>
Non-Monetary Commitments	<p>The Amended Plan shall provide for the following non-monetary commitments:</p> <p>(A) The BSA forms a Child Protection Committee (“<b>Committee</b>”) of members from the BSA, Local Councils, the TCC, and the Coalition (including survivors).</p> <p>(1) No later than six months after the Effective Date, the BSA will present to the Committee on the BSA’s current Youth Protection Program (the “<b>Program</b>”). The BSA will report to the Committee regarding the Program and any changes thereto on an annual basis for a period of three years following the Effective Date.</p> <p>(2) Following that presentation, the BSA and Committee will work with an entity engaged by the BSA that is selected with the consultation of the Committee that is not currently affiliated with the BSA to evaluate the Program (the “<b>Evaluating Entity</b>”). The Evaluating Entity will have expertise in the prevention of youth sexual abuse.</p> <p>(i) Any evaluation will be comprehensive in nature and include input from current BSA volunteers and professionals, survivors of sexual abuse while involved with Scouting,</p>

<sup>2</sup> The terms of the storage and transfer of, and insurance for, the Artwork shall be mutually agreed among the Parties, and the rights to any insurance or the proceeds thereof with respect to missing, damaged, or destroyed Artwork shall be assigned to the Settlement Trust on the Effective Date.

	<p>the members of the Committee, and the Evaluating Entity.</p> <p>(ii) The Evaluating Entity will report to the Committee assessing the current Program and make specific recommendations for reasonable improvements to the Program that may include mechanisms for the elimination of abuse and accurate and annual reporting regarding the results of the Program, including confirmed instances of sexual abuse that is made available to the public (the “<b>Prospective Reporting</b>”).</p> <p>(iii) The BSA will engage with the Evaluating Entity, and the Committee, and will take appropriate steps as necessary to improve the Program. Changes to the Program will be reported on the BSA’s Program website and training will be reasonably adjusted to reflect changes.</p> <p>(3) The BSA will propose and the Committee will consider a protocol for the review and publication of information in the Volunteer Screening Database and the Prospective Reporting, which will take into account factors including: (1) the desire to make public credibly identified perpetrators of sexual abuse in Scouting; (2) adequate protections for survivor identities; (3) consideration regarding the protection of third parties, including survivor family members and volunteers; (4) a notification process regarding any publication; (5) issues related to privacy and liability related to publication; and (6) the potential appointment or retention of an appropriate neutral party to supervise (the “<b>Neutral Supervisor</b>”) the evaluation and review of the Volunteer Screening Database. If the BSA and Committee are unable to reach an agreement on the above protocol, the Neutral Supervisor shall mediate the dispute to resolution. In accordance with the process outlined above, information from the Volunteer Screening Database and Prospective Reporting shall be</p>
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	<p>published annually after agreement among the parties or determination by the Neutral Supervisor.</p> <p>(4) After consultation and recommendations from the Evaluating Entity, the Committee may propose and the BSA will in good faith consider other issues relating to Child Protection, including but not limited to: (A) special BSA Scouting programs for survivors; and (B) participation and leadership in a comprehensive reporting program to include other youth-serving organizations.</p> <p>(5) The BSA will engage with the Committee and consider all appropriate measures proposed by the Committee to improve transparency and accountability with respect to any future instances of sexual abuse, including the dissemination of information relating to abuse statistics, consistent with practices of other youth-serving organizations, including what information may be publically available on the BSA's website.</p> <p>(B) The BSA shall turn over to the Settlement Trust the Volunteer Screening Database and all Troop Rosters in the Debtors' possession, custody, or control, in a manner permitting access to the same extent as in typical litigation discovery by the holder of a Direct Abuse Claim to the Volunteer Screening Database and Troop Rosters, if any, that relate to such holder or the Direct Abuse Claim asserted thereby, subject in each case to appropriate protection against the unauthorized dissemination of such documents and materials;</p> <p>(C) The BSA shall provide the Settlement Trust reasonable go-forward discovery support regarding records and documents related to Abuse Claims;</p> <p>(D) The BSA shall assign to the Settlement Trust a secured ownership interest (as designated in the Amended Plan by the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative) in any proceeds of insurance rights and insurance receivables; and</p> <p>(E) The BSA shall agree to cooperate in taking all steps reasonably necessary to facilitate the Local Council</p>
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	Settlement Contribution as set forth below.
Settlement of Restricted and Core Asset Disputes	<p>The Coalition, TCC and Future Claimants' Representative acknowledge and agree that the BSA Settlement Trust Contribution shall be made in consideration for, among other things, the compromise and settlement of any and all disputes concerning the Debtors' restricted and/or core assets, including the claims asserted in the adversary proceeding (the "<b><i>Restricted Assets Adversary</i></b>") filed by the TCC in the adversary proceeding entitled <i>Official Tort Claimants' Committee of Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC v. Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC</i>, Adv. Pro. No. 21-50032 (LSS) (the "<b><i>Settlement of Restricted and Core Asset Disputes</i></b>").</p> <p>Upon the filing of the Amended Plan, the TCC and the Debtors shall enter into and seek Bankruptcy Court approval of a stipulation staying the Restricted Assets Adversary pending the outcome of the confirmation hearing. The Coalition and Future Claimants' Representative shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to assist the TCC and the Debtors in obtaining a stay of the Restricted Assets Adversary and support the Debtors' efforts to obtain approval of the Settlement of Restricted and Core Asset Disputes as a good-faith compromise and settlement that is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates under section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019.</p>
Local Council Settlement Contribution	<p>In addition to the contribution of their insurance rights to the Settlement Trust on the Effective Date, the Local Councils shall contribute the following to the Settlement Trust on the Effective Date:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) at least \$300 million of cash to be paid on the Effective Date,</li> <li>(ii) Unrestricted properties<sup>3</sup> with a combined Appraised Value (as defined below) of \$200 million (the "<b><i>Property Contribution</i></b>"), which shall be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by any cash payment amount in excess the \$300 million, <i>provided that</i> the methodology and procedures related to property selection and acceptance are</li> </ul>

<sup>3</sup> "***Unrestricted***" properties are defined as those properties not included in the BSA defined Restriction Tiers 1 – 2 (Tier 1: Property limited to Boy Scout use only – any conveyance causes reversion or transfer of property to 3rd party. Tier 2: Property limited to Boy Scout use only – no reversionary clause).

	<p>provided for below; and</p> <p>(iii) a \$100 million interest-bearing variable-payment obligation note (the “<b>DST Note</b>”) issued by a Delaware statutory trust (“<b>DST</b>”) on or as soon as practicable after the Effective Date.<sup>4</sup> The principal terms of the DST Note are set forth in the DST Note Mechanics described below.</p> <p>A listing of each Local Council’s total expected contribution will be included in the Amended Disclosure Statement and provided to the Coalition, TCC and the Future Claimants’ Representative, including a specific break-down between the (i) Cash Contribution and (ii) Property Contribution. Any actual or anticipated changes in contributions for any Local Council will be set forth in the Plan Supplement. Notwithstanding any change in the Cash Contribution or Property Contribution for any Local Council, the aggregate amount of the Cash Contribution and the Property Contribution shall not be less than \$500 million in any circumstance (and the Cash Contribution shall not be less than \$300 million in any circumstance).</p> <p>The Property Contribution shall be structured as follows: The relevant Local Council shall agree to (a) retain title to the property (and pay insurance, property taxes, other associated ownership costs and any yet unremoved debt), subject to, at the election, cost, and expense of the Settlement Trust, a mortgage in favor of the Settlement Trust, (b) post the property for sale within thirty days following the Effective Date, (c) present any written sale offer to the Settlement Trust for approval, (d) present to the Settlement Trust for its review and approval all final proposed terms of any sale and purchase offers (including price, timing and other terms) (“<b>Proposed Final Terms</b>”); <i>provided that</i> if any Proposed Final Terms would impose additional costs on the Local Council and the Settlement Trust accepts such Proposed Final Terms, at the Local Council’s option any such additional costs shall be</p>
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<sup>4</sup> The Parties acknowledge and agree that the DST may be any other type of entity that ensures the DST Note is balance-sheet neutral as to the BSA and Local Councils, as determined by the BSA in consultation with the AHCLC, and, in such event, each reference in this Term Sheet to DST shall be deemed a reference to the actual entity that issues the DST Note.



	<p>deducted from the proceeds or paid by the Settlement Trust, and not by the Local Council,<sup>5</sup> (e) remit the proceeds of the sale to the Settlement Trust at closing net of posting/listing/marketing fees, escrow fees, sales commissions, and other typical costs of sale.<sup>6</sup> The Settlement Trust may review the marketing and sales efforts undertaken by the Local Council and request that the Local Council make changes to such marketing and sales efforts as are appropriate and lawful; provided that any costs associated with such changes will be paid, at the option of the Local Council, by the Settlement Trust or out of the proceeds of any sale. If the Settlement Trust is unsatisfied with the sales and marketing effort, the Settlement Trust shall have the right to require the Local Council to promptly transfer the property to the Settlement Trust by quitclaim deed. If there is a shortfall or surplus of net proceeds as compared to Appraised Value, the Settlement Trust shall bear the risk of the shortfall and keep the surplus. If the property is not sold on or before the third anniversary of the Effective Date, the Local Council and the Settlement Trust each shall have the right to require the prompt transfer of the property to the Settlement Trust by quitclaim deed. If the Local Council receives a cash offer for the property the value of which is at least equal to its Appraised Value, the Settlement Trust shall accept the offer if no superior offer is made within thirty days (or, if a lesser time is specified in an offer received, then such lesser time) or accept a quitclaim deed for the property. The Debtors shall include appropriate provisions in the Plan to eliminate any transfer tax liabilities of the Settlement Trust per section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.</p> <p>The “<b>Appraised Value</b>” shall be determined as follows:</p> <p>(A) In the case of the contribution of an entire Camp, Service Center, Scout Shop or other property that does not have a restriction in Restriction Tiers 3-5<sup>7</sup> (“<b>Lower Tier Restriction</b>”), as reasonably determined by the Debtors’ property review counsel and specified on Exhibit 2 to Exhibit</p>
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<sup>5</sup> By way of non-exclusive example, if the Proposed Final Terms requires the Local Council to retrofit a water system and the Settlement Trust accepts the Proposed Final Terms, the costs of the retrofit will, at the Local Council’s option be paid (or reimbursed) out of the sale proceeds or paid by the Settlement Trust.

<sup>6</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, the proceeds of the sale shall be first applied to any debt or liens remaining on the property, which debt shall have already been reflected in the Appraised Value of the property as described below.

<sup>7</sup> A Tier 3-5 Restriction shall mean any of the following: (1) Tier 3: property limited to Boy Scout or similar use or recreational area; (2) Tier 4: Property subject to conservation easement or other grantor or donor restrictions on development; (3) Tier 5: Property subject to leases to 3rd party (e.g., office space, cell tower, oil and gas), zoning restrictions, easements or other similar encumbrances.



	<p>B to the Disclosure Statement, which summarizes the restricted appraisal reports or broker opinions of value conducted by JLL Valuation &amp; Advisory Services, LLC (“<b>JLL</b>”), CBRE, Inc. (“<b>CBRE</b>”) or Keen-Summit Capital Partners LLC in connection the BSA’s chapter 11 case prior to June 10, 2021 (the “<b>Specified Appraisals</b>”): (1) the appraised amount set forth in the Specified Appraisals (using the average of high and low values, if applicable) or (2) if the applicable Local Council elects a Qualified On-Site Appraisal, the amount established by the average of (1) and the appraised amount in such Qualified On-Site Appraisal (using, for the Qualified On-Site Appraisal, the average of high and low values, if applicable);</p> <p>(B) In the case of the contribution of an entire Camp, Service Center, Scout Shop or other property that has a Lower Tier Restriction: (a) the appraised amount set forth in a Specified Appraisal if such Specified Appraisal accounts for such Lower Tier Restriction or (b) if the Specified Appraisal does not account for such Lower Tier Restriction, the amount established by a Qualified On-Site Appraisal (using the average of high and low values, if applicable) of the property taking into account the Lower Tier Restriction.</p> <p>(C) In the case of a contribution of only a portion of a particular Camp, Service Center, Scout Shop or other property to the Settlement Trust, whether or not subject to a Lower Tier Restriction, the amount established by a Qualified On-Site Appraisal (using the average of high and low values, if applicable) of the specific parcel and acreage proposed to be contributed, taking into account any Lower Tier Restriction;</p> <p><i>provided</i>, that, in the case of (A), (B), or (C) the Appraised Value shall be net of any debt encumbering the property.</p> <p>The applicable Local Councils and the BSA shall engage in reasonable good faith efforts to ensure all properties subject to the Property Contribution accurately reflect all restrictions that are known to (or should be reasonably known to) exist in any appraisal that is used to determine a property’s Appraised Value.</p> <p>In the event a restriction that was not considered by any appraisal used to determine Appraised Value is subsequently determined to exist, such appraisal shall not be eligible to determine Appraised Value, and, to the extent necessary, within a reasonable period of time, new appraisals shall be</p>
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# DST Note Mechanics

<sup>8</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, the Property Contribution shall be deemed to have been contributed on the Effective Date for purposes of this provision when all individual Local Councils that are to make a Property Contribution have provided a notice of intent to contribute property to the Settlement Trust in accordance with the terms of the Property Contribution above.

	<p>amount equal to the Required Percentage of the Local Councils' respective payrolls. Until the DST Note is extinguished, the LC Reserve Account shall be used only to fund contributions to the Pension Plan in accordance with the next sentence and, to the extent of any excess, to pay any Payment Amounts due under the DST Note. If at any time (including the end of any Plan Year) (a) the present value of the accumulated benefits for the Pension Plan, as determined in accordance with the requirements set forth in the definition of "Excess Balance" below for the most recently ended Plan Year, exceeds (b) the market value of the assets of the Pension Plan (clause (a) minus clause (b) being the "<b>Shortfall Amount</b>"), funds in the LC Reserve Account will be deposited into the Pension Plan up to the lesser of the Local Councils' collective pro rata share of the Shortfall Amount or the balance in the LC Reserve Account.</p> <p>The DST Note shall be: (i) interest bearing at a rate of 1.5% per annum and without recourse except as to the LC Reserve Account; (ii) secured by a lien on the LC Reserve Account; (iii) payable on each Payment Date in an amount equal to the applicable Payment Amount; and (iv) prepayable in whole or in part at any time without premium or penalty. The unpaid balance of the DST Note (if any) remaining on the Payment Date that is the fifteenth anniversary of the First Payment Date (the "<b>DST Note Maturity Date</b>") shall be automatically extinguished and shall be considered forgiven and satisfied after giving effect to any required payment on such date. Other than the lien on the LC Reserve Account, the Settlement Trust shall have no other recourse for payment under the DST Note.</p> <p>"<b>Cushion Amount</b>" means: (i) from the Effective Date until the first June 1 that is at least one year after the Effective Date (the "<b>First Cushion Date</b>"), \$150 million; (ii) from the day following the First Cushion Date until June 1 of the following year (the "<b>Second Cushion Date</b>"), \$140 million; (iii) from the day following the Second Cushion Date until June 1 of the following year (the "<b>Third Cushion Date</b>"), \$130 million; (iv) from the day following the Third Cushion Date until June 1 of the following year (the "<b>Fourth Cushion Date</b>"), \$120 million; and (v) from the day following the Fourth Cushion Date until June 1 of the following year (the "<b>Fifth Cushion Date</b>"), \$110 million; and (vi) from the day following the Fifth Cushion Date to and including the DST Note Maturity Date, \$100 million. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the net increase in liabilities under the Pension Plan exceeds 1.0% as</p>
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	<p>a result of the completion of the 2021 Experience Study (as defined below), then each Cushion Amount shall be reduced by the dollar amount that corresponds to such net percentage increase in liabilities in excess of 1.0%; <i>provided</i>, that in no event shall any Cushion Amount on any date be reduced to an amount less than \$100 million.<sup>9</sup></p> <p><b>“Excess Balance”</b> means the amount in excess of the applicable Cushion Amount, if any, by which (a) the sum of (i) the market value of the assets of the Pension Plan as set forth in the actuarial report for the Pension Plan for the most recently ended Plan Year plus (ii) the balance of the LC Reserve Account as of the month-end preceding the applicable Payment Date exceeds (b) the present value of the accumulated benefits for the Pension Plan as set forth in the actuarial report for the Pension Plan for the most recently ended Plan Year calculated using a 6.5% annual interest rate, net of expenses, so long as the Pension Plan continues to be a Cooperative and Small Employer Charity (CSEC) plan. The actuarial report shall be prepared in accordance with actuarial standards, past practice, and applicable law.</p> <p>Promptly upon execution of this Term Sheet, and no later than July 31, 2021, the Debtors will conduct a current experience study by the Pension Plan actuary with respect to the demographic assumptions for the Pension Plan (<i>e.g.</i>, rates of retirement, termination, spousal age difference, commencement age and forms of payment) (the <b>“2021 Experience Study”</b>). After implementing changes, if any, based on the 2021 Experience Study, demographic assumption changes, with the exception of annual updates to mortality improvement projection scales, will not be made without a subsequent experience study, and economic assumption changes will not be made without an asset liability management study. Reorganized BSA will not commission any such studies until five (5) years after the Effective Date of the Amended Plan unless there are material changes to Internal Revenue Code § 433 (governing CSEC plans). In the event of such a material change, Reorganized BSA shall commission any such studies only if it reasonably believes, in consultation with the Pension Plan actuary, that such study is</p>
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<sup>9</sup> By way of non-exclusive example, if the net increase in liabilities under the Pension Plan as a result of the 2021 Experience Study is a percentage that corresponds to \$50 million, and 1.0% of net liabilities is \$13 million, then (i) the Cushion Amounts at the First Cushion Date and Second Cushion Date would each be reduced by \$37 million to \$113 million and \$103 million, respectively, (ii) the Cushion Amounts at the Third Cushion Date, Fourth Cushion Date and Fifth Cushion Date would be reduced by \$30 million, \$20 million, and \$10 million, respectively, to \$100 million in each case, and (iii) the Cushion Amount from the day following the Fifth Cushion Date to and including the DST Note Maturity Date would remain at \$100 million.

	<p>required. During the term of the DST Note, on an annual basis, the BSA will provide advance notice to the Settlement Trustee of any proposed material changes that the Pension Plan actuary intends to make to its actuarial assumptions and methodologies that increase the present value of accumulated benefits under the Pension Plan by more than 1.0%. The BSA will confer in good faith with the Settlement Trustee regarding any such proposed changes. In addition, if the Pension Plan is amended in any regard which increases the present value of benefits under the Pension Plan, such amendments will be disregarded in the calculation of the present value of accumulated benefits for the purposes of the DST Note.</p> <p><b>“Payment Amount”</b> means an amount, if any, on each Payment Date, payable solely from the LC Reserve Account, equal to the least of: (x) the Excess Balance on such Payment Date, (y) the remainder of the balance of \$100 million accumulated at 1.5% annual interest, as amortized by any amounts previously paid; and (z) the amount in the LC Reserve Account.</p> <p><b>“Payment Date”</b> means, unless the DST Note is prepaid in full, May 31 of each year starting on the first May 31 after the Effective Date (or starting on the first business day that is at least thirty (30) days after the Effective Date if the Effective Date occurs between May 1 and May 31) (the <b>“First Payment Date”</b>) until the fifteenth anniversary of the First Payment Date.</p> <p><b>“Plan Year”</b> means the period from February 1 to and including January 31 of the following year.</p> <p><b>“Required Percentage”</b> means an amount equal to 12% of a Local Council’s payroll, less any pension plan related expenses which are estimated to be approximately 0.50% of such payroll, less the Local Council employer contribution match for employee contributions to the section 403(b) defined contribution benefit plan, which percentage will not exceed 4.5% of participating employee payroll until at least \$50 million of the DST Note principal has been paid, at which point the employer contribution match percentage will not exceed 6% until the DST Note has been paid in full (principal and interest).</p>
Contributing Chartered Organization Settlement Contribution	The Parties shall work in good faith to develop a protocol for addressing participation by Chartered Organizations in the benefits of the Channeling Injunction. Such settlements may

	occur prior to the Effective Date with the consent of all Parties.
Assignment of Claims and Defenses / Waiver of Claims	The Debtors, the Local Councils and any other party that is or becomes a Protected Party shall assign any and all Claims and defenses to the Settlement Trust that arise from or relate to Abuse Claims, including, without limitation, any Claims and defenses against co-defendants. Except for the right to seek reimbursement set forth below, the Debtors, the Local Councils and any other party that is or becomes a Protected Party shall be forever barred from seeking compensation from the Settlement Trust for or on account of any Claims arising prior to the Petition Date.
Hartford Settlement	On June 9, 2021, the Coalition, the Future Claimants' Representative, and the TCC sent a joint letter to the Debtors stating that they would not support any plan of reorganization or separate motion/settlement that seeks approval of the Hartford Settlement and requesting that the Debtors not go forward with any such plan of reorganization or motion/settlement. In connection with this request, the Debtors shall, by the RSA Motion or a separate motion, seek a determination of the Bankruptcy Court that the Debtors have no obligations under the Hartford Settlement.
Transfer of Insurance Rights to the Settlement Trust	On the Effective Date, the Debtors and any Local Council and/or Chartered Organization that is a Protected Party shall delegate to the Settlement Trust exclusive control over, transfer and assign (a) all rights, claims, benefits or causes of action, including the right to receive proceeds held by such party with respect to any insurance policy which provides or may provide coverage for Abuse Claims, (b) all rights, claims, or causes of action held by such party, including the right to receive proceeds with respect to any settlement agreements or coverage-in-place agreements that amend, modify, replace, or govern the rights and obligations of, and the coverage afforded to such party, under any insurance policy which does or may provide coverage to such party for Abuse Claims, and (c) any receivables due such party from insurance companies arising out of or relating to Abuse Claims; <i>provided however</i> , that the transfer contemplated hereby shall not include a transfer of any Reserved Rights <sup>10</sup> of a Local Council. Entities that become Protected Parties after the Effective Date may be required to delegate, transfer, or assign similar rights and receivables as a condition of becoming a Protected Party, as determined by the Settlement Trust following the Effective

<sup>10</sup> A “**Reserved Right**” is any right of a Local Council under any Specified Insurance Policy with respect to any Non-Abuse Litigation Claim; *provided* that such Local Council provides notice of such claim to the Debtors, the Coalition, the TCC and the Future Claimants' Representative prior to the Effective Date.



	Date.
Reimbursement	<p>The Indemnification by Settlement Trust provisions set forth in Article IV.I of the June 18 Plan shall be deleted and restated to provide that from and after the Effective Date, the Settlement Trust shall reimburse, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, Reorganized BSA and each of the Local Councils for any documented out-of-pocket, losses, costs, and expenses (including, without limitation, judgments, attorney's fees and expenses) incurred by Reorganized BSA or any Local Council after the Effective Date attributable to the defense of an Abuse Claim that is channeled to the Settlement Trust if the holder of such Abuse Claim seeks to hold Reorganized BSA or such Local Council liable for such Abuse Claim in violation of the terms of the Confirmation Order; <i>provided that</i>, the Settlement Trust's reimbursement obligations to Reorganized BSA and any Local Council for any Direct Abuse Claim shall be capped at and shall not exceed the amount actually payable by the Settlement Trust to the holder of such Direct Abuse Claim under the TDP (<i>i.e.</i>, the amount paid based on the Trust payment percentage) and shall be deducted on a dollar-for-dollar basis against such holder's distribution from the Settlement Trust on account of such Direct Abuse Claim. Reorganized BSA and any Local Council shall provide notice to the Settlement Trust within ten (10) business days of the service of any claim or lawsuit filed by a holder of an Abuse Claim that could result in any reimbursement obligations by the Settlement Trust under this provision. In the event that any litigation asserting an Abuse Claim is filed naming Reorganized BSA or any Local Council as a defendant in violation of the terms of the Confirmation Order, the Settlement Trust shall, at the request of Reorganized BSA or such Local Council, promptly appear (1) before the Bankruptcy Court to obtain entry of an order enforcing the channeling injunction and (2) in such litigation and seek the dismissal of the case.</p> <p>Other than this limited reimbursement obligation, the Settlement Trust shall not be required to reimburse or indemnify any Protected Parties for any claims, liabilities, losses, actions, suits, proceedings, third-party subpoenas, damages, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, any liabilities related to, arising out of, or in connection with any Abuse Claim.</p>
Channeling Injunction	The Channeling Injunction set forth in Article X.F of the June 18 Plan shall be modified to permit litigation in the tort system consistent with the terms of the TDP. After the

	Effective Date, a party shall not become a Protected Party absent the consent of the Settlement Trustee, the Settlement Trust Advisory Committee, and the Future Claimants' Representative.
TDP Claim Values	Upon appropriate order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors shall immediately produce to the restructuring professionals for the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative all settlement and judgment data in their possession, custody, or control pertaining to Abuse Claims subject to the Protective Order and a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that such production does not violate any confidentiality provision of any settlement agreement. The values of categories of Direct Abuse Claims shall be consistent with and based on available evidence, including the Debtors' historical settlement data and other settlements involving abuse claims (the " <b><i>TDP Claim Values</i></b> "). The TDP Claim Values shall be subject to adjustments as set forth in the TDP so that all TDP claim determinations reflect the best available information concerning the value of the Direct Abuse Claims in the tort system and that similar claims are treated similarly. In connection with the confirmation of the Amended Plan, the Debtors shall seek approval of the TDP Claim Values and related procedures (as set forth in the TDP).
Trust Distribution Procedures (TDP)	The TDP shall be filed with the RSA. The TDP shall be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and cannot be modified without the consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
Restructuring Support Agreement	The Parties shall execute the RSA, pursuant to which they shall agree to implement this Term Sheet, subject to the Creditor Termination Events and Scouting Termination Events and the approval of the Definitive Documents.
Timing	On or about July 1, 2021, the Debtors shall file with the Bankruptcy Court: (1) the RSA Motion, (2) an amended version of the Disclosure Statement (the " <b><i>Amended Disclosure Statement</i></b> "), (3) the Amended Plan, including draft TDP, (4) a revised proposed order granting the Case Management Motion, and (5) any necessary modifications to the Solicitation Procedures. The Parties shall request that the Bankruptcy Court hear the RSA Motion, the Amended Disclosure Statement, the Case Management Motion, and the Solicitation Procedures at the hearing scheduled for July 20-21, 2021 or as soon thereafter as the Bankruptcy Court may agree.
Appeals	The Parties agree that the Amended Plan shall become effective immediately upon satisfaction of the "Conditions



	Precedent to the Effective Date” notwithstanding the filing or pendency of any appeals of Confirmation, <i>provided</i> that no court has entered an order staying the occurrence of the Effective Date pending any such appeal of Confirmation.
Coalition Professional and Advisory Fees	<p>Following the effective date of the RSA, for so long as the RSA remains in full force and effect and subject to the Monthly Fee Cap (as defined below), the Debtors shall pay the reasonable, documented and contractual professional fees and expenses of (i) Brown Rudnick LLP, (ii) Robbins, Russell, Englert, Orseck &amp; Untereiner LLP, (iii) Monzack, Mersky and Browder, P.A., (iv) Province, and (v) Parsons, Farnell &amp; Grein, LLP (the “<b>Coalition Professionals</b>”), on a monthly basis promptly following the Debtors’ receipt of a summary of invoices.</p> <p>For professional fees and expenses incurred from the effective date of the RSA until the Effective Date of the Amended Plan, the Coalition Professionals’ fees and expenses shall be limited to \$950,000 per month (pro-rated for any partial month) (the “<b>Monthly Fee Cap</b>”), <i>provided, however</i>, that any unused portion of the Monthly Fee Cap for any such month may be carried forward or carried back to and utilized in any subsequent or prior monthly period.</p> <p>Upon the Effective Date, the Debtors shall reimburse State Court Counsel for amounts they have paid to the Coalition Professionals for, and/or pay the Coalition Professionals for amounts payable by State Court Counsel but not yet paid to Coalition Professionals for, reasonable, documented and contractual professional and advisory fees and expenses incurred by the Coalition Professionals from July 24, 2020 to and including the Effective Date up to an aggregate amount of \$10.5 million (the “<b>Plan Effective Date Cap</b>”), and amounts otherwise payable in excess thereof shall be payable, if at all, by the Settlement Trust after the Effective Date. For the avoidance of doubt, fees and expenses paid on monthly basis following the effective date of the RSA shall not count against or reduce the Plan Effective Date Cap.</p>
Findings and Orders	<p>The Amended Plan and Confirmation Order shall contain the following provisions, findings and orders, as applicable in substantially the form set forth below (the “<b>Findings and Orders</b>”):</p> <p>(A) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Amended Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding on all parties in interest;</p>

	<p>(B) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that (i) the procedures included in the TDP pertaining to the allowance of Abuse Claims and (ii) the criteria included in the TDP pertaining to the calculation of the Allowed Claim Amounts, including the TDP's Claims Matrix, Base Matrix Values, Maximum Matrix Values, and Scaling Factors, are fair and reasonable based on the evidentiary record offered to the Bankruptcy Court;</p> <p>(C) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the right to payment that the holder of an Abuse Claim has against the Debtors or another Protected Party is the allowed value of such Abuse Claim as liquidated in accordance with the TDP and is not (i) the initial or supplemental payment percentages established under the TDP to make distributions to holders of allowed Abuse Claims or (ii) the contributions made by the Debtors or any Protected Party to the Settlement Trust;</p> <p>(D) the Bankruptcy Code authorizes the Insurance Assignment as provided in the Amended Plan, notwithstanding any terms of any policies or provisions of non-bankruptcy law that is argued to prohibit the delegation, assignment, or other transfer of such rights, and the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Settlement Trust is a proper defendant for Abuse Claims to assert the liability of the Protected Parties to trigger such insurance rights; and</p> <p>(E) the Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Plan and the TDP were proposed in good faith and are sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.</p>
Insurance Settlements	<p>Any settlement with any Insurance Company prior to or in connection with the Amended Plan shall be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court and/or the District Court, and the express written consent of the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative, subject to the terms of <b><u>Schedule 1</u></b> hereto. For the avoidance of doubt, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative do not consent to the Hartford Settlement and the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative will not support any plan that includes that settlement and its approval. The Amended Plan shall not incorporate any settlement with Hartford unless such settlement is acceptable to the Debtors, the Coalition, the TCC, and the Future Claimants' Representative. Post-Effective Date Settlements making</p>

	Insurers Protected Parties may be approved on the terms and conditions set forth in the Settlement Trust Agreement.
Turnover of Records / Transfer of Privileges	The Parties shall enter into a Document Agreement that provides, among other things, that on or before the Effective Date, the Debtors and any party that is a beneficiary of the Channeling Injunction shall be required to turn over to the Settlement Trust all records and documents in their possession, custody, or control pertaining to the Abuse Claims, including, without limitation, the Volunteer Screening Database and any documents or information necessary for the Settlement Trust to pursue the insurance rights transferred to the Settlement Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, this turnover obligation shall include all Privileged Information and Common-Interest Communications with Insurers that relate, in whole or in part, to any Abuse Claim. As to such records and documents, the Settlement Trust shall succeed to and hold all rights and interests in and related to the Debtors' and the Local Council's privileges, including, without limitation, the attorney-client privilege, any Common-Interest Communications with Insurers, and any Joint Defense, Common Interest, and Confidentiality Agreements. The Settlement Trustee shall be permitted to use Privileged Information and any Common-Interest Communications with Insurers for any purpose related to the administration of the Settlement Trust and the settlement of Abuse Claims and shall be permitted to share Privileged Information and Common-Interest Communications with Insurers with any professional retained by the Settlement Trust, <i>provided however</i> , that Settlement Trustee will not share Privileged Information with the Settlement Trust Advisory Committee or any Abuse Claimant except as required by law, as the Settlement Trustee determines in good faith would be required by law, or as otherwise provided in the Settlement Trust Agreement or the Document Agreement.
Confirmation Order, Amended Plan and Plan Documents	The Confirmation Order (or the Approval Order), the Amended Plan, and the Plan Documents shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Parties.
Settlement Trustee	The Settlement Trustee shall be Eric D. Green and will be appointed by the Bankruptcy Court.
Settlement Trust Advisory Committee	The Settlement Trust Advisory Committee (the " <b>STAC</b> ") shall be composed of seven (7) individuals, five (5) of which shall be selected by the Coalition and two (2) of which shall be selected by the TCC subject to discussion between and the consent of the Coalition and the TCC. The STAC members shall be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors. The commencement or continuation of a STAC Tort Election

	Claim (as defined in Article XII.B of the TDP) and the approval of any global settlement after the Effective Date that causes an Insurance Company or a Chartered Organization to become a Protected Party must be approved by the Settlement Trustee, the Future Claimants' Representative and the majority of the STAC, <i>provided, however</i> , that the refusal of any of the foregoing to (i) authorize the commencement or continuation of a STAC Tort Election Claim or (ii) approve a global settlement after the Effective Date that causes an Insurance Company or a Chartered Organization to become a Protected Party shall be subject to immediate review under the standard set forth in the Settlement Trust Agreement by the Honorable Diane M. Welsh (Ret.) if three (3) members of the STAC so require.
Future Claimants' Representative	The Settlement Trust Agreement shall provide for the continuation of the Future Claimants' Representative to represent the interests of holders of Future Abuse Claims. The initial Future Claimants' Representative shall be James L. Patton, Jr. so long as he is the Future Claimants' Representative in the Chapter 11 Cases as of the Effective Date.
Material Modifications to Trust Documents	The Settlement Trust Documents shall provide that the Settlement Trust Documents may not be modified in any material way that is inconsistent with the Amended Plan, the Confirmation Order, or the Bankruptcy Code without the approval of the Bankruptcy Court. Except as set forth in the Settlement Trust Documents, modifications to the Trust Agreement that may materially affect a creditor's distribution may be made only with the approval of the Settlement Trust Advisory Committee and the Future Claimants' Representative, and only to the extent that such modification does not change or inhibit the purpose of the Settlement Trust. The Parties shall negotiate in good faith the terms of the Settlement Trust Documents.



### **Treatment of Non-Abuse Litigation Claims<sup>1</sup>**

1. Pre-Emergence Settlements of Individual Non-Abuse Litigation Claims (PI/WD Claims). The Debtors will use their best efforts to obtain Bankruptcy Court approval of as many settlements of Non-Abuse Litigation Claims as possible. The Coalition, TCC and Future Claimants' Representative agree not to oppose any reasonable settlement of a Non-Abuse Litigation Claim that is proposed to be paid from a Specified Insurance Policy that is a primary or umbrella policy. Prior to any settlement or release of a Specified Insurance Policy by the Settlement Trust, any Non-Abuse Litigation Claim may recover for its claim from any available Specified Insurance Policy.
2. Claims Handling Post-Emergence. Unless otherwise agreed among the Creditors' Committee, the Coalition, TCC, Future Claimants' Representative, and Old Republic or Evanston/Markel, Old Republic or Evanston/Markel, as applicable, will continue to handle, defend and process Non-Abuse Litigation Claims following the Effective Date in accordance with present practices.
3. Insurance Assignment. Other than as set forth below in the *Local Council Insurance Rights* provisions hereof, the Amended Plan will provide the Settlement Trust with an assignment to the Settlement Trust of all of the Debtors' and other Protected Parties' rights under the Specified Insurance Policies. Subject to rights reserved to Local Councils under the *Local Council Insurance Rights* provisions hereof, the Settlement Trust shall have the right to settle and resolve these policies.
4. Treatment of Non-Abuse Litigation Claims (Non-PI/WD Claims). The treatment for non-personal injury or wrongful death claims, including the claim held by the Girl Scouts of the United States of America, will be unchanged from the June 18 Plan, subject to confirmation by the Coalition, TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative that these claims do not implicate policies that may provide coverage for Direct Abuse Claims.
5. Pre-Emergence Settlements of Specified Insurance Policies. The Creditors' Committee will retain consent rights with respect to any proposed settlement between the Debtors and its primary insurers Old Republic (Specified Insurance Policies from 2013-19) and Evanston/Markel (Specified Insurance Policies from 2019-20), unless that settlement does not release the applicable insurer for liability arising from Non-Abuse Litigation Claims. With respect to any proposed settlement of a Specified Insurance Policy that is an excess policy (above the Old Republic umbrella layer for the period 2013-19, or above the Evanston/Markel umbrella layer for the period 2019-20), the Creditors' Committee will have consultation rights. The Debtors, Coalition, TCC, and Future Claimants' Representative agree that if they reach a pre-emergence settlement with respect to such an excess policy they will weigh equally the interests of holders of Direct Abuse Claims and the interests of holders of Non-Abuse Litigation Claims.

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<sup>1</sup> With the exception of paragraph 4 (*Treatment of Non-Abuse Litigation Claims (Non-PI/WD Claims)*), Non-Abuse Litigation Claims as used herein shall refer solely to Non-Abuse Litigation Claims that are covered by Specified Insurance Policies, and not to any Non-Abuse Litigation Claims that are covered by other Insurance Policies that do not provide coverage for Abuse Claims.

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## Exhibit B

## Trust Distribution Procedures





assigned insurance rights, shall be used to fund distributions to Abuse Claimants under these TDP. The amounts that Abuse Claimants will ultimately be paid on account of their Allowed Abuse Claims will depend on, among other things, the Settlement Trust's ability to liquidate and recover the proceeds of the assigned insurance rights. The amount of any installment payments, initial payments, or payment percentages established under these TDP or the Settlement Trust Agreement are not the equivalent of (i) any Abuse Claimant's Allowed Claim Amount or (ii) the right to payment that the holder of an Allowed Abuse Claim has against the Debtors and/or Protected Parties, as assumed by the Settlement Trust.

**D. Sole and Exclusive Method.** These TDP and any procedures designated in these TDP shall be the sole and exclusive methods by which an Abuse Claimant may seek allowance and distribution on an Abuse Claim with respect to the Protected Parties.

**E. Interpretation.** The terms of the Plan and Confirmation Order shall prevail if there is any discrepancy between the terms of the Plan or Confirmation Order and the terms of these TDP.

**F. Confidentiality.** All submissions to the Settlement Trust by an Abuse Claimant shall be treated as confidential and shall be protected by all applicable state and federal privileges, including those directly applicable to settlement discussions. The Settlement Trust will preserve the confidentiality of such submissions, and shall disclose the contents thereof only to such persons as authorized by the Abuse Claimant, or in response to a valid subpoena of such materials issued by the Bankruptcy Court, a Delaware state court, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware or any other court of competent jurisdiction. Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing to the contrary, the Settlement Trust may disclose information, documents, or other materials reasonably necessary in the Settlement Trust's judgment to preserve, obtain, litigate, resolve, or settle insurance coverage, or to comply with an applicable obligation under an Insurance Policy, indemnity, or settlement agreement. Nothing in these TDP shall be construed to authorize the Settlement Trustee to waive privilege or disseminate documents to any Abuse Claimants or their respective counsel, except as provided for in the Document Agreement.

## **ARTICLE II** **DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF INTERPRETATION**

**A. Incorporation of Plan Definitions.** Capitalized terms used but not defined in these TDP have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan or the Settlement Trust Agreement and such definitions are incorporated in these TDP by reference. To the extent that a term is defined in these TDP and the Plan and/or the Settlement Trust Agreement, the definition contained in these TDP controls.

**B. Definitions.** The following terms have the respective meanings set forth below:

1. **"Abuse Claims"** shall mean Direct Abuse Claims, Indirect Abuse Claims, and Future Abuse Claims.

2. **"Abuse Claimants"** shall mean the holder of a Direct Abuse Claim, an Indirect Abuse Claim, or a Future Abuse Claim.

3. **“Base Matrix Value”** shall mean the base case value for each tier of Abuse Type (labeled as such in the Claims Matrix and more specifically defined and described in Article VIII.C) to be used to value Abuse Claims and that may be identified in connection with the description of the Scaling Factors in Article VIII.C.

4. **“Claims Matrix”** shall mean (as specifically defined and described in Article VIII.B) a table scheduling the six tiers of Abuse Types, and identifying the Base Matrix Value, and Maximum Matrix Value for each tier.

5. **“CPI-U”** shall mean the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers: All Items Less Food & Energy, published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

6. **“Direct Abuse Claimant”** or **“Survivor”** shall mean the holder of a Direct Abuse Claim or a Future Abuse Claim.

7. **“Indirect Abuse Claimant”** shall mean the holder of an Indirect Abuse Claim.

8. **“Exigent Health Claim”** shall mean a Direct Abuse Claim for which the Direct Abuse Claimant has provided a declaration under penalty of perjury from a physician who has examined the Direct Abuse Claimant within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the declaration in which the physician states that there is substantial medical doubt that the Direct Abuse Claimant will survive beyond six (6) months from the date of the declaration.

9. **“FIFO”** shall mean “first-in-first-out” and refers to the impartial basis for establishing a sequence pursuant to which Abuse Claims shall be determined and paid by the Settlement Trust.

10. **“FIFO Processing Queue”** shall mean the FIFO line-up on which the Settlement Trust reviews Trust Claims Submissions.

11. **“Maximum Matrix Value”** shall mean the value for each tier of Abuse Type (labeled as such in the Claims Matrix and more specifically defined and described in Article VIII.B) that represents the maximum Allowed Claim Amount achievable through the matrix calculation for an Allowed Abuse Claim assigned to a given tier after application of the Scaling Factors described in Article VIII.C.

12. **“Non-BSA Sourced Assets”** shall mean Settlement Trust Assets that represent assets received as a result of or in connection with a global settlement between the Debtors or the Settlement Trust, on the one hand, and a Chartered Organization that is or becomes a Protected Party, on the other hand. For the avoidance of doubt, Non-BSA Sourced Assets shall not include any assets received from the Debtors, the Local Councils, or any Settling Insurance Companies.

13. **“Scaling Factors”** shall mean (as specifically defined and described in Article VIII.C) the factors identified to consider with respect to each Abuse Claim and to

apply to the Base Matrix Value for the applicable tier of Abuse Type for such Abuse Claim to arrive at its Proposed Allowed Claim Amount.

**C. Interpretation; Application of Definitions and Rules of Construction.** For purposes of these TDP, unless otherwise provided herein: (1) whenever from the context it is appropriate, each term, whether stated in the singular or the plural, will include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine, and the neuter gender; (2) any reference to a person as a holder of a Claim includes that person's successors and assigns; (3) the words "herein," "hereof," "hereto," "hereunder," and other words of similar import refer to these TDP as a whole and not to any particular article, section, subsection, or clause; (4) the words "include" and "including," and variations thereof, shall not be deemed to be terms of limitation and shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation;" (5) any effectuating provisions of these TDP may be reasonably interpreted by the Settlement Trustee in such a manner that is consistent with the overall purpose and intent of these TDP without further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court; (6) the headings in these TDP are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions hereof; (7) in computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these TDP, unless otherwise expressly provided herein, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply; and (8) all provisions requiring the consent of a person shall be deemed to mean that such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

### **ARTICLE III** **TDP ADMINISTRATION**

**A. Administration.** Pursuant to the Plan and the Settlement Trust Agreement, the Settlement Trust and these TDP shall be administered by the Settlement Trustee in consultation with the STAC and the Future Claimants' Representative, which represents the interests of holders of present Abuse Claims in the administration of the Settlement Trust, and the Future Claimants' Representative, who represents the interests of holders of Future Abuse Claims. The Claims Administrator shall assist the Settlement Trustee in the resolution of Abuse Claims in accordance with these TDP and provide information necessary for the Settlement Trustee to implement these TDP.

**B. Powers and Obligations.** The powers and obligations of the Settlement Trustee, the STAC, the Future Claimants' Representative, and the Claims Administrator are set forth in the Settlement Trust Agreement. The STAC and the Future Claimants' Representative shall have no authority or ability to modify, reject, or influence any claim allowance or Allowed Claim Amount determination under these TDP.

**C. Consent Procedures.** The Settlement Trustee shall obtain the consent of the STAC and the Future Claimants' Representative on any amendments to these TDP pursuant to Article XIII.B below, and on such matters as are otherwise required below and in Article 1.6 of the Settlement Trust Agreement. Such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

## **ARTICLE IV**

### **CLAIMANT ELIGIBILITY**

**A. Direct Abuse Claims.** To be eligible to potentially receive compensation from the Settlement Trust on account of a Direct Abuse Claim, a Direct Abuse Claimant must:

- (1) have a Direct Abuse Claim;
- (2) have timely submitted an Abuse Claim Proof of Claim or Trust Claim Submission to the Settlement Trust as provided below; and
- (3) submit supporting documentation and evidence to the Settlement Trust as provided below.

Direct Abuse Claims can only be timely submitted as follows:

(i) a Direct Abuse Claim for which a Proof of Claim was filed in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bar Date or if determined timely by the Bankruptcy Court (each a “**Chapter 11 POC**”) shall, without any further action by the Abuse Claimant, be deemed a timely submitted Abuse Proof of Claim to the Settlement Trust;

(ii) a Direct Abuse Claim alleging abuse against a Local Council (alleged to be connected to Scouting related to or sponsored by the BSA) (a) for which, as of the time the Claim is submitted to the Settlement Trust in accordance with the Settlement Trustee’s designated procedures, a pending state court action had been timely filed under state law naming the Local Council as a defendant or (b) which is submitted to the Settlement Trust at a time when the Claim would be timely under applicable state law if a state court action were filed against the Local Council on the date on which the Direct Abuse Claim is submitted to the Settlement Trust, shall be deemed a timely submitted Abuse Proof of Claim to the Settlement Trust; or

(iii) a Direct Abuse Claim alleging abuse against any Protected Party other than a Local Council (alleged to be connected to Scouting related to or sponsored by the BSA) (a) for which, as of the time the Claim is submitted to the Settlement Trust in accordance with the Settlement Trustee’s designated procedures, a pending state court action had been timely filed under state law naming the Protected Party as a defendant or (b) which is submitted to the Settlement Trust at a time when the Claim and would be (x) timely under applicable state law if a state court action were filed against the Protected Party on the date on which the Direct Abuse Claim is submitted to the Settlement Trust and (y) meets any applicable deadline that may be set by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with such Protected Party becoming a Protected Party in accordance with the Plan and Confirmation Order, shall be deemed a timely submitted Abuse Proof of Claim to the Settlement Trust.

Any Direct Abuse Claim that is not timely submitted based on the foregoing shall be deemed untimely and Disallowed.

**B. Indirect Abuse Claims.**<sup>1</sup> To be eligible to receive compensation from the Settlement Trust, an Indirect Abuse Claimant:

- (1) must have an Indirect Abuse Claim that satisfies the requirements of the Bar Date Order;
- (2) must establish to the satisfaction of the Settlement Trustee that the claim is not of a nature that it would be otherwise subject to disallowance under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, including subsection (e) thereof (subject to the right of the holder of the Indirect Abuse Claim to seek reconsideration by the Settlement Trustee under section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code), or subordination under section 509(c) of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- (3) must establish to the satisfaction of the Settlement Trustee that:
  - (a) such Indirect Abuse Claimant has paid in full the liability and/or obligation of the Settlement Trust to a Direct Abuse Claimant to whom the Settlement Trust would otherwise have had a liability or obligation under these TDP (and which has not been paid by the Settlement Trust);
  - (b) the Indirect Abuse Claimant and the person(s) to whose claim(s) the Indirect Abuse Claim relates, have forever and fully released the Settlement Trust and the Protected Parties from all liability for or related to the subject Direct Abuse Claim (other than the Indirect Abuse Claimant's assertion of its Indirect Abuse Claim);
  - (c) the Indirect Abuse Claim is not otherwise barred by a statute of limitations or repose or by other applicable law; and
  - (d) the Indirect Abuse Claimant does not owe the Debtors, Reorganized Debtors, or the Settlement Trust an obligation to indemnify the liability so satisfied.

In no event shall any Indirect Abuse Claimant have any rights against the Settlement Trust superior to the rights that the Direct Abuse Claimant to whose claim the Indirect Abuse Claim relates, would have against the Settlement Trust, including any rights with respect to timing, amount, percentage, priority, or manner of payment. In addition, no Indirect Abuse Claim may be liquidated and paid in an amount that exceeds what the Indirect Abuse Claimant has paid to the related Direct Claimant in respect of such claim for which the Settlement Trust would have liability. Further, in no event shall any Indirect Abuse Claim exceed the Allowed Claim Amount of the related Direct Abuse Claim.

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<sup>1</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, Indirect Abuse Claims may include claims for the payment of defense costs, deductibles, or indemnification obligations.





**E. Statute of Limitations or Repose.** The statute of limitations, statute of repose, and the choice of law determination applicable to an Abuse Claim against the Settlement Trust shall be determined by reference to the tort system where such Abuse Claim was pending on the Petition Date (so long as the Protected Party was subject to personal jurisdiction in that location), or where such Abuse Claim could have been timely and properly filed as asserted by the Abuse Claimant under applicable law.

**A. Minimum Payment Criteria.** A Direct Abuse Claimant who meets the following criteria may elect to resolve his or her Direct Abuse Claim for an expedited distribution of \$3,500 (the “**Expedited Distribution**”): (i) the Direct Abuse Claimant has timely submitted to the Settlement Trust a properly and substantially completed, non-duplicative Abuse Claim Proof of Claim or Future Abuse Claim; and (ii) the Direct Abuse Claimant has personally signed his or her Proof of Claim or Future Abuse Claim attesting to the truth of its contents under penalty of perjury, or supplements his or her Abuse Claim Proof of Claim to so provide such verification. Direct Abuse Claimants that elect to receive the Expedited Distribution will not have to submit any additional information to the Settlement Trust to receive payment of the Expedited Distribution from the Settlement Trust.

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Settling Insurance Company. Direct Abuse Claimants that elect to receive an Expedited Distribution will not be eligible to receive any further distribution on account of their Direct Abuse Claim pursuant to these TDP.

## **ARTICLE VII**

### **CLAIMS ALLOWANCE PROCESS**

**A. Trust Claim Submissions.** Each Abuse Claimant that does not make the Expedited Distribution Election and instead elects to pursue recovery from the Settlement Trust pursuant to these TDP must submit his or her Abuse Claim for allowance and potential valuation and determination of insurance status by the Settlement Trustee pursuant to the requirements set forth herein (each, a “**Trust Claim Submission**”). In order to properly make a Trust Claim Submission, each submitting Abuse Claimant must (i) complete under oath a questionnaire to be developed by the Settlement Trustee and submitted to the STAC and the Future Claimants’ Representative for approval; (ii) produce all records and documents in his or her possession, custody or control related to the Abuse Claim, including all documents pertaining to all settlements, awards, or contributions already received or that are expected to be received from a Protected Party or other sources; and (iii) execute an agreement to be provided or made available by the Settlement Trust with the questionnaire (1) to produce any further records and documents in his or her possession, custody or control related to the Abuse Claim reasonably requested by the Settlement Trustee, (2) consent to and agree to cooperate in any examinations requested by the Settlement Trustee (including by healthcare professionals selected by the Settlement Trustee) (a “**Trustee Interview**”); and (3) consent to and agree to cooperate in a written and/or oral examination under oath if requested to do so by the Settlement Trustee. The date on which an Abuse Claimant submits (i), (ii) and (iii) above to the Settlement Trust shall be the “**Trust Claim Submission Date**”. The Abuse Claimant’s breach or failure to comply with the terms of his or her agreement made in connection with his or her Trust Claim Submission shall be grounds for disallowance or significant reduction of his or her Abuse Claim. To complete the evaluation of each Abuse Claim submitted through a Trust Claim Submission (each a “**Submitted Abuse Claim**”), the Settlement Trustee also may, but is not required to, obtain additional evidence from the Abuse Claimant or from other parties pursuant to the Document Obligations and shall consider supplemental information timely provided by the Abuse Claimant, including information obtained pursuant to the Document Obligations. Non-material changes to the claims questionnaire may be made by the Settlement Trustee with the consent of the STAC and the Future Claimants’ Representative.

**B. Claims Evaluation.** The Settlement Trustee shall evaluate each Trust Claim Submission individually and will follow the uniform procedures and guidelines set forth below to determine, based on the evidence obtained by the Settlement Trust, whether or not a Submitted Abuse Claim should be allowed. After a review of the documentation provided by the Abuse Claimant in his or her Proof of Claim, Trust Claim Submission, materials received pursuant to the Document Obligations, and any follow-up materials or examinations (including, without limitation, any Trustee Interview), the Settlement Trustee will either find the Abuse Claim to be legally valid and an Allowed Abuse Claim, or legally invalid and a Disallowed Claim.

**C. Settlement Trustee Review Procedures.** The Settlement Trustee must evaluate each Submitted Abuse Claim, including the underlying Proof of Claim, the Trust Claim

- If any of these criteria are not met, then the Submitted Abuse Claim shall be a Disallowed Claim.

- (a) Alleged Abuse. The Abuse Claimant has identified alleged acts of Abuse that he or she suffered;
- (b) Alleged Abuser Identification. The Abuse Claimant has either (i) identified an alleged abuser (*e.g.*, by the full name or last name) or (ii) provided specific information (*e.g.*, a physical description of an alleged abuser combined with the name or location of the Abuse Claimant's troop) about the alleged abuser such that the Settlement Trustee can make a reasonable determination that the alleged abuser was an employee, agent or volunteer of a Protected Party, the alleged abuser was a registered Scout, or the alleged abuser participated in Scouting or a Scouting activity and the Abuse was directly related to Scouting activities;
- (c) Connection to Scouting. The Abuse Claimant has provided information showing (or the Settlement Trustee otherwise determines) that the Abuse Claimant was abused during a Scouting activity or that the Abuse resulted from involvement in Scouting activities;

- (d) Date and Age. The Abuse Claimant has either: (i) identified the date of the alleged abuse and/or his or her age at the time of the alleged Abuse, or (ii) provided additional facts (*e.g.*, the approximate date and/or age at the time of alleged Abuse coupled with the names of additional scouts or leaders in the troop) sufficient for the Settlement Trustee to determine the date of the alleged Abuse and age of the Abuse Claimant at the time of such alleged Abuse; and
- (e) Location of Abuse. The Abuse Claimant has identified the venue or location of the alleged Abuse.

3. **Submitted Abuse Claims That Satisfy the General Criteria.** To the extent that a Submitted Abuse Claim meets the evidentiary standard set forth in the General Criteria and the Settlement Trustee has verified such information and determined that no materials submitted or information received in connection with the Submitted Abuse Claim are deceptive or fraudulent, the Submitted Abuse Claim will be, and will be deemed to be, an Allowed Abuse Claim.

4. **Submitted Abuse Claims That Do Not Satisfy the General Criteria.** If the Settlement Trustee determines that any Submitted Abuse Claim materials provided by an Abuse Claimant include fraudulent and/or deceptive information, the Submitted Abuse Claim will be, and will be deemed to be, a Disallowed Claim. To the extent that a Submitted Abuse Claim – after an opportunity for the Abuse Claimant to discover information from the Settlement Trust as provided in these TDP – does not meet the evidentiary standard set forth in the General Criteria, the Settlement Trustee can disallow such Claim, or request further information from the Abuse Claimant in question necessary to satisfy the General Criteria requirements. If the Settlement Trustee finds that any of the factors set forth in Article VII.C.2(a)-(c) with respect to any Submitted Abuse Claim are not satisfied, the Claim will be *per se* disallowed and will be, and will be deemed to be, a Disallowed Claim.

**D. Disallowed Claims.** If the Settlement Trustee finds that a Submitted Abuse Claim is a Disallowed Claim, the Settlement Trustee shall provide written notice of its determination to the relevant Abuse Claimant (a “**Disallowed Claim Notice**”). If the Settlement Trustee finds that a Submitted Abuse Claim is a Disallowed Claim, the Settlement Trustee will not perform the Allowed Abuse Claim valuation analysis described below in Article VIII. Abuse Claimants shall have the ability to seek reconsideration of the Settlement Trustee’s determination set forth in the Disallowed Claim Notice as described in Article VII.G below.

**E. Allowed Abuse Claims.** If the Settlement Trustee finds that a Submitted Abuse Claim is an Allowed Abuse Claim, the Settlement Trustee shall utilize the procedures described below in Article VIII to determine the proposed Claims Matrix tier and Scaling Factors for such Abuse Claim (the “**Proposed Allowed Claim Amount**”), and provide written notice of allowance

and the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount to the Abuse Claimant (an “**Allowed Claim Notice**” and together with the Disallowed Claim Notice, a “**Claim Notice**”) as set forth in Article VII.F below.

**F. Claims Determination.** If the Abuse Claimant accepts the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount in the Allowed Claim Notice or the reconsideration process set forth below in Article VII.G has been exhausted (and no further action has been taken by the Abuse Claimant in the tort system pursuant to Article XII below), the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount shall become the Allowed Claim Amount for such Claim (a “**Final Determination**”), and the holder of such Allowed Abuse Claim shall receive payment in accordance with Article IX, subject to the Abuse Claimant executing the form of release set forth in Article IX.D.

**G. Reconsideration of Settlement Trustee’s Determination.** An Abuse Claimant may make a request for reconsideration of (i) the disallowance of his or her Submitted Abuse Claim, or (ii) the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount (a “**Reconsideration Request**”) within thirty (30) days of receiving a Disallowed Claim Notice or an Allowed Claim Notice (the “**Reconsideration Deadline**”). Any Abuse Claimant who fails to submit a Reconsideration Request to the Settlement Trust by the Reconsideration Deadline shall be deemed to accept the disallowance of the Abuse Claim or the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount. Each Reconsideration Request must be accompanied by a check or money order for \$1,000 as an administrative fee for reconsideration. The Abuse Claimant may submit further evidence in support of the Submitted Abuse Claim with the Reconsideration Request. The Settlement Trustee will have sole discretion whether to grant the Reconsideration Request. The decision to grant the Reconsideration Request does not guarantee that the Settlement Trustee will reach a different result after reconsideration.

If the Reconsideration Request is denied, the administrative fee will not be returned, and the Settlement Trustee will notify the Abuse Claimant within thirty (30) days of receiving the request that it will not reconsider the Abuse Claimant’s Submitted Abuse Claim. The Abuse Claimant shall retain the ability to pursue the Settlement Trust in the tort system as described in Article XII below.

If the Reconsideration Request is granted, the Settlement Trustee will provide the Abuse Claimant written notice within thirty (30) days of receiving the Reconsideration Request that it is reconsidering the Abuse Claimant’s Submitted Abuse Claim. The Settlement Trustee will then reconsider the Submitted Abuse Claim—including all new information provided by the Abuse Claimant in the Reconsideration Request and any additional Trustee Interview—and will have the discretion to maintain the prior determination or find that the Submitted Abuse Claim in question is an Allowed Abuse Claim or should receive a new Proposed Allowed Claim Amount.

If the Settlement Trustee determines upon reconsideration that a Submitted Abuse Claim is an Allowed Abuse Claim and/or should receive a new Proposed Allowed Claim Amount, the Settlement Trustee will deliver an Allowed Claim Notice and return the administrative fee to the relevant Abuse Claimant. If the Settlement Trustee determines upon reconsideration that the totality of the evidence submitted by the Abuse Claimant does not support changing the earlier finding that the Submitted Abuse Claim is a Disallowed Claim, or that the Claim in question is not deserving of a new Proposed Allowed Claim Amount, the Settlement Trustee’s earlier allowance determination and/or Proposed Allowed Claim Amount shall stand and the Settlement Trustee will

provide a Claim Notice to the Abuse Claimant of either result within ninety (90) days of the Settlement Trust having sent notice that it was reconsidering the Abuse Claimant's Submitted Abuse Claim. Thereafter, the Abuse Claimant shall retain the ability to pursue the Settlement Trust in the tort system as described below in Article XII.

**H. Claim Determination Deferral.** For a period of up to twelve (12) months from the Effective Date, and by an election exercised at the time of the Trust Claim Submission, Direct Abuse Claimants whose Direct Abuse Claims may be substantially reduced by the Scaling Factor described below in Article VIII.E.(iii) (statute of limitations defense) may elect to defer the determination of their Proposed Allowed Claim Amounts to see if statute of limitations revival legislation occurs, *provided, however*, that this claim determination deferral window shall close for all Direct Abuse Claims twelve (12) months from the Effective Date at which time such Submitted Abuse Claims shall be determined based on then applicable Scaling Factors.

**I. Prevention and Detection of Fraud.** The Settlement Trustee shall work with the Claims Administrator to institute auditing and other procedures to detect and prevent the allowance of Abuse Claims based on fraudulent Trust Claim Submissions. Among other things, such procedures will permit the Settlement Trustee or Claims Auditor to conduct random audits to verify supporting documentation submitted in randomly selected Trust Claim Submissions, as well as targeted audits of individual Trust Claim Submissions or groups of Trust Claim Submissions, any of which may include Trustee Interviews. Trust Claim Submissions must be signed under the pains and penalties of perjury and to the extent of applicable law, the submission of a fraudulent Trust Claim Submission may violate the criminal laws of the United States, including the criminal provisions applicable to Bankruptcy Crimes, 18 U.S.C. § 152, and may subject those responsible to criminal prosecution in the Federal Courts.

## **ARTICLE VIII**

### **CLAIMS MATRIX AND SCALING FACTORS**

**A. Claims Matrix and Scaling Factors.** These TDP establish certain criteria for unliquidated claims seeking compensation from the Settlement Trust, a claims matrix below (the "**Claims Matrix**") that schedules six types of Abuse (the "**Abuse Types**") and designates for each Abuse Type a Base Matrix Value, and Maximum Matrix Value, and certain scaling factors (the "**Scaling Factors**") identified below to apply to the Base Matrix Values to determine the liquidated values for certain unliquidated Abuse Claims. The Abuse Types, Scaling Factors, Base Matrix Values, and Maximum Matrix Values that are set forth in the Claims Matrix have all been selected and derived with the intention of achieving a fair and reasonable Abuse Claim valuation range in light of the best available information, considering the settlement, verdict and/or judgments that Abuse Claimants would receive in the tort system against the Protected Parties absent the bankruptcy. The Settlement Trustee shall utilize the Claims Matrix and Scaling Factors as the basis to determine a Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for each Allowed Abuse Claim that does not receive an Expedited Distribution or become a STAC Tort Election Claim. The Proposed Allowed Claim Amount agreed to by the Direct Abuse Claimant as the Allowed Claim Amount for an Allowed Abuse Claim shall be deemed to be the Protected Parties' liability for such Direct Abuse Claim (*i.e.*, the claimant's right to payment for his or her Direct Abuse Claim), irrespective of how much the holder of such Abuse Claim actually receives from the Settlement Trust pursuant to the payment provisions set forth in Article IX. In no circumstance shall the amount of a



Tier	Type of Abuse	Base Matrix Value	Maximum Matrix Value
1	Anal or Vaginal Penetration by Adult Perpetrator—includes anal or vaginal sexual intercourse, anal or vaginal digital penetration, or anal or vaginal penetration with a foreign, inanimate object.	\$600,000	\$2,700,000
2	<p>Oral Contact by Adult Perpetrator—includes oral sexual intercourse, which means contact between the mouth and penis, the mouth and anus, or the mouth and vulva or vagina.</p> <p>Anal or Vaginal Penetration by a Youth Perpetrator—includes anal or vaginal sexual intercourse, anal or vaginal digital penetration, or anal or vaginal penetration with a foreign, inanimate object.</p>	\$450,000	\$2,025,000

3	<p>Masturbation by Adult Perpetrator—includes touching of the male or female genitals that involves masturbation of the abuser or claimant.</p> <p>Oral Contact by a Youth Perpetrator—includes oral sexual intercourse, which means contact between the mouth and penis, the mouth and anus, or the mouth and vulva or vagina.</p>	\$300,000	\$1,350,000
4	<p>Masturbation by Youth Perpetrator—includes touching of the male or female genitals that involves masturbation of the abuser or claimant.</p> <p>Touching of the Sexual or Other Intimate Parts (unclothed) by Adult Perpetrator.</p>	\$150,000	\$675,000
5	<p>Touching of the Sexual or Other Intimate Parts (unclothed) by a Youth Perpetrator.</p> <p>Touching of the Sexual or Other Intimate Parts (clothed), regardless of who is touching whom and not including masturbation.</p> <p>Exploitation for child pornography.</p>	\$75,000	\$337,500
6	<p>Sexual Abuse-No Touching.</p> <p>Adult Abuse Claims.</p>	\$3,500	\$8,500

**C. Scaling Factors.** After the Settlement Trustee has assigned an Allowed Abuse Claim to one of the six tiers in the Claims Matrix, the Settlement Trustee will utilize the Scaling Factors described below to determine the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for each Allowed Abuse Claim. The Scaling Factors are based on evidence regarding the BSA's and other putative Protected Parties' historical abuse settlements, litigation outcomes, and other evidence supporting the Scaling Factors. Each Allowed Abuse Claim will be evaluated for each factor by the Settlement Trustee through his or her review of the evidence obtained through the relevant Proof of Claim, Trust Claim Submission and any related or follow-up materials, interviews or examinations, as well as materials obtained by the Settlement Trust through the Document Obligations. These scaling factors can increase or decrease the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for an Allowed Abuse Claim depending on the severity of the facts underlying the Claim. By default, the value of each scaling factor is one (1), meaning that in the absence of the application of the scaling factor, the Base Matrix Value assigned to a Claim is not affected by that factor. In contrast, if the Settlement Trustee determines that a particular scaling factor as applied to a given Allowed Abuse Claim is 1.5, the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for the Allowed Abuse Claim will be increased by 50%, the result of multiplying the Base Matrix Value of the Allowed Abuse Claim by 1.5. The combined effect of all scaling factors is determined by multiplying the scaling factors together then multiplying the result by the Base Matrix Value of the Allowed Abuse Claim. *See Article VIII.F for illustrative example.*

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may assign an upward Scaling Factor of up to 1.5. This factor is to be evaluated relative to a hypothetical base case scenario of a victim of Abuse who suffered the typical level of Abuse-related distress within the tier to which the Allowed Abuse Claim was assigned. The hypothetical base case is incorporated into the Base Matrix Values in the Claims Matrix' tiers and would not receive an increase on account of this factor. The Settlement Trustee will consider, along with any and all other relevant factors, whether the Abuse at issue manifested or otherwise led the Abuse Claimant to experience or engage in behaviors resulting from:

- a. Mental Health Issues: This includes anxiety, depression, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, addiction, embarrassment, fear, flashbacks, nightmares, sleep issues, sleep disturbances, exaggerated startle response, boundary issues, self-destructive behaviors, guilt, grief, homophobia, hostility, humiliation, anger, isolation, hollowness, regret, shame, isolation, sexual addiction, sexual problems, sexual identity confusion, low self-esteem or self-image, bitterness, suicidal ideation, suicide attempts, and hospitalization or receipt of treatment for any of the foregoing.
- b. Physical Health Issues: This includes physical manifestations of emotional distress, gastrointestinal issues, headaches, high blood pressure, physical manifestations of anxiety, erectile dysfunction, heart palpitations, sexually-transmitted diseases, physical damage caused by acts of Abuse, reproductive damage, self-cutting, other self-injurious behavior, and hospitalization or receipt of treatment for any of the foregoing.
- c. Interpersonal Relationships: This includes problems with authority figures, hypervigilance, sexual problems, marital difficulties, problems with intimacy, lack of trust, isolation, betrayal, impaired relations, secrecy, social discreditation and isolation, damage to family relationships, and fear of children or parenting.
- d. Vocational Capacity: This includes under- and un-employment, difficulty with authority figures, difficulty changing and maintaining employment, feelings of unworthiness, or guilt related to financial success.
- e. Academic Capacity: This includes school behavior problems.
- f. Legal Difficulties: This includes criminal difficulties, bankruptcy, and fraud.

**E. Mitigating Scaling Factors.** The Settlement Trustee may assign a mitigating Scaling Factor in the range of 0 to 1.0 except as specifically provided below to each Allowed Abuse Claim to eliminate or decrease the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for such Claim. Each mitigating factor is to be evaluated relative to a hypothetical base case scenario of a timely asserted Abuse Claim with supporting evidence that demonstrates, by a preponderance of the evidence, Abuse by a perpetrator that accessed the victim as an employee, agent or volunteer of a Protected

Party, as a registered Scout or as a participant in Scouting within BSA-sponsored Scouting. If statute of limitations revival legislation occurs in a particular jurisdiction, the Settlement Trustee may modify the applicable Scaling Factor (as described below) relevant thereto on a go-forward basis and determine Proposed Allowed Claim Amounts for Abuse Claims in such jurisdiction thereafter based on such modified Scaling Factor. Included in the hypothetical base case scenario is that the applicable period under a statute of limitations or repose for timely asserting such Abuse Claim against any potentially responsible party will not have passed. The hypothetical base case is incorporated into the Base Matrix Values in the Claims Matrix tiers and would not receive a decrease on account of these factors. Such factors may include the following:

(i) **Absence of Protected Party Relationship or Presence of a Responsible Party that Is Not a Protected Party.**

- a. Familial Relationship. A Protected Party's responsibility for a perpetrator may be factually or legally attenuated or mitigated where the perpetrator also had a familial relationship with the Abuse Claimant. Familial Abuse—even if the perpetrator was an employee, agent or volunteer of a Protected Party, and the Abuse occurred in connection with BSA-related Scouting—should result in a significant reduction of the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount.
- b. Other Non-Scouting Relationship. A Protected Party's responsibility for a perpetrator may be factually or legally attenuated or mitigated where the perpetrator also maintained a non-familial relationship with the Abuse Claimant through a separate affiliation, such as a school, or a religious organization, even if the perpetrator was an employee, agent or volunteer of a Protected Party, or the Abuse occurred in settings where a Protected Party did not have the ability or responsibility to exercise control. Factors to consider include how close the relationship was between the perpetrator and the victim outside of their Scouting-related relationship, whether Abuse occurred and the extent of such Abuse outside of their Scouting relationship, and applicable law related to apportionment of liability. In such event, the Settlement Trustee shall determine and apply a mitigating Scaling Factor that accounts for such other relationship and the related Abuse. By way of example, if the Settlement Trustee determines after evaluation of an Allowed Abuse Claim and application of all of the other Scaling Factors that the perpetrator, who was an employee, agent or volunteer of a Protected Party for BSA-related Scouting, also was the primary teacher (at a non-Protected Party entity or institution) of the Abuse Claimant outside of BSA-related Scouting, and if numerous incidents of Abuse occurred outside of Scouting before one incident of BSA-related Scouting Abuse occurred, the Settlement Trustee shall apply a mitigating Scaling Factor as a material reduction of the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount.
- c. Other Responsible Non-Protected Party. The Abuse Claimant may have a cause of action under applicable law for a portion of his or her Direct Abuse Claim against a responsible entity, such as a Chartered Organization, that is

not a Protected Party. By way of example, if the Settlement Trustee determines after evaluation of a Submitted Abuse Claim that (i) a Chartered Organization that is not a Protected Party is responsible under applicable law for a portion of the liability and (ii) a Protected Party(ies) are not also liable for the same portion of the liability) (taking into account the relevant jurisdiction's prevailing law on apportionment of damages), the Settlement Trustee shall apply a final Scaling Factor to account for such non-Protected Party's portion of the liability.

- (ii) **Other Settlements, Awards, Contributions, or Limitations.** The Settlement Trustee may consider any further limitations on the Abuse Claimant’s recovery in the tort system. The Settlement Trustee also should consider the amounts of any settlements or awards already received by the Abuse Claimant from other, non-Protected Party sources as well as agreed and reasonably likely to be received contributions from other, non-Protected Party sources that are related to the Abuse. By way of example, the Settlement Trustee should assign an appropriate Scaling Factor to Allowed Abuse Claims capped by charitable immunity under the laws of the jurisdiction where the Abuse occurred. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where an Abuse Claimant has obtained a recovery based on the independent liability of a third party for separate instances of Abuse that occurred without connection to Scouting activities, no mitigating factor or reduction in value will be applied based on that recovery.
- (iii) **Statute of Limitations or Repose.** If the evidence provided by the Abuse Claimant or otherwise obtained by the Settlement Trustee results in the Settlement Trustee concluding that the subject Direct Abuse Claim could be dismissed or denied in the tort system as to all Protected Parties against whom the Direct Abuse Claim was timely submitted (as set forth in Articles IV.A) due to the passage of a statute of limitations or a statute of repose, the Settlement Trustee shall apply an appropriate Scaling Factor based on the ranges set forth in Schedule 1 hereof; *provided, however*, the Settlement Trustee will weigh the strength of any relevant evidence submitted by the Abuse Claimant to determine whether the statute of limitations could be tolled under applicable law, and may apply a higher Scaling Factor if such evidence demonstrates to the Settlement Trustee that tolling would be appropriate under applicable state law.
- (iv) **Absence of a Putative Defendant.** If the Direct Abuse Claim could be diminished because such claim was not timely submitted against BSA or another Protected Party (as set forth in Articles IV.A) (a “**Missing Party**”), such that in a suit in the tort system, such Direct Abuse Claim would be burdened by an “empty chair” defense due to the absence of a Missing Party(ies), the Settlement Trustee shall apply a mitigating Scaling Factor to account for a Missing Party’s absence. By way of example, where a timely submitted Direct Abuse Claim was not timely submitted against BSA (*i.e.*, the Abuse Claimant failed to timely file a Chapter 11 POC) but was only timely submitted against the Local Council and/or another Protected Party (as set forth in Articles IV.A(ii) and (iii)), such absence of the BSA due to BSA’s discharge would be the basis for such a substantial reduction. Any Direct Abuse

Claim that is reduced due to the absence of the BSA under this mitigating Scaling Factor shall only be payable, as reduced, from Settlement Trust Assets contributed by the applicable Local Council or Chartered Organization, pro rata with all other Direct Abuse entitled to share in the Settlement Trust Assets contributed by such Local Council or Chartered Organization.

**F. Allowed Abuse Claim Calculus.** After the Settlement Trustee assigns an Allowed Abuse Claim to a Claims Matrix tier and determines the appropriate Scaling Factors that apply to the Claim, the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for the Allowed Abuse Claim is the product of the Base Matrix Value of the Claim and the Scaling Factors applied to the Claim. In no event can an Allowed Abuse Claim's Proposed Allowed Claim Amount (or Allowed Claim Amount) exceed the Maximum Matrix Value for the Claim's assigned Claims Matrix tier. By way of example, if an Allowed Abuse Claim is determined by the Settlement Trustee to be a tier 1 claim (Base Matrix Value of \$600,000) with a Scaling Factor of 1.5 for the nature and circumstances of the abuse, and a mitigating Scaling Factor of 0.75, and no other Scaling Factors, the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for the Allowed Abuse Claim would be \$675,000, calculated as  $\$600,000 \times 1.5 \times 0.75 = \$675,000$ . As a further example, if, in addition to the above Scaling Factors, the same Allowed Abuse Claim had an additional aggravating Scaling Factor of 2.0 on account of the abuser's profile, the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount for the Allowed Abuse Claim would be \$1,350,000 (calculated as  $\$600,000 \times 1.5 \times .75 \times 2.0$ ).

**G. Optional Chartered Organization Release.** To have the opportunity to exclusively share in any settlement proceeds received from a Chartered Organization that becomes a Protected Party as provided below in Article IX.F, a Direct Abuse Claimant must execute either (i) the conditional release of the Charitable Organization(s) against whom the Abuse Claimant has an Abuse Claim, that will become effective as to that Abuse Claimant if the Charitable Organization(s) against whom the Abuse Claimant conditionally released becomes a Protected Party(ies), in the form attached as **Exhibit B** (the "**Settling Chartered Organizations Release**"), or (ii) the non-conditional release of all Chartered Organizations in the form attached as **Exhibit C** (the "**Voluntary Chartered Organization Release**").

## **ARTICLE IX**

### **PAYMENT OF FINAL DETERMINATION ALLOWED ABUSE CLAIM**

**A. Payment Upon Final Determination.** Only after the Settlement Trustee has established an Initial Payment Percentage in accordance with Section 4.1 of the Settlement Trust Agreement, then once there is a Final Determination of an Abuse Claim pursuant to Article VII.F, the Claimant will receive a payment of such Final Determination based on the Payment Percentage then in effect as described in Article IX.B and IX.C. For the purpose of payment by the Settlement Trust, a Final Judicial Determination (as defined in Article XII.H hereof) shall constitute a Final Determination.

**B. Initial Payment Percentage.** After the Claimant accepts the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount and there is a Final Determination of the Abuse Claim, the Settlement Trust shall pay an initial distribution ("**Initial Distribution**") based on the Initial Payment Percentage established by the Settlement Trustee in accordance with the Settlement Trust Agreement.

**E. FIFO Claims Process Queuing and Exigent Health Claims.** The Settlement Trust shall review all Trust Claim Submissions for processing purposes on a FIFO basis as set forth below, except as otherwise provided herein with respect to Expedited Distributions, Exigent Health Claims, or Submitted Abuse Claims electing to defer determination of their Allowed Claim Amounts for up to twelve (12) months from the Effective Date pursuant to Article VII.H above. An Abuse Claimant's position in the FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined as of the Abuse Claimant's Trust Claim Submission Date. If any Trust Claim Submissions are filed on the same date, an Abuse Claimant's position in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue vis-à-vis such other same-day claims shall be determined by the claimant's date of birth, with older Abuse Claimants given priority over younger Abuse Claimants. An Abuse Claimant that seeks recovery on account of an Exigent Health Claim based on an Allowed Claim Amount determined through the matrix shall be moved in front of the FIFO Processing Queue no matter what the order of processing otherwise would have been under these TDP. Following receipt of a Final Determination on account of an Exigent Health Claim, the holder of an Exigent Health Claim shall receive an Initial



Distribution from the Settlement Trust (subject to the payment percentages then in effect), within thirty (30) days of executing the release as set forth in Article IX.D above.

**F. Source Affected Weighting.** Notwithstanding the Initial Payment Percentage and the Supplemental Payment Percentages applied hereunder, a portion of Non-BSA Sourced Assets shall be allocated (after deducting an estimated pro rata share of Settlement Trust expenses and direct expenses related to the collection of Non-BSA Sourced Assets) only among the Allowed Abuse Claims that (1) could have been satisfied from that source absent the Plan's Discharge and Channeling Injunction and (2) are held by Direct Abuse Claimants that execute a conditional release, the form of which is attached as **Exhibit B**, releasing all claims against all Chartered Organizations if the Settlement Trust enters into a global settlement making such Chartered Organization a Protected Party. The Settlement Trustee shall establish separate payment percentages in accordance with the Settlement Trust Agreement to effectuate the distribution of the indicated portion of any Non-BSA Sourced Assets. For the avoidance of doubt, irrespective of the establishment of any increased payment percentage under this Article IX.F and the Settlement Trust Agreement that allocates Non-BSA Sourced Assets to holders of certain eligible Allowed Abuse Claims, the maximum payment that an Abuse Claimant can recover from the Settlement Trust before all other Allowed Abuse Claims are paid in full is the Final Determination Allowed Abuse Claim Amount for his or her Claim.

## **ARTICLE X**

### **RIGHTS OF SETTLEMENT TRUST**

### **AGAINST NON-SETTLING INSURANCE COMPANIES**

Pursuant to the Plan, the Settlement Trust has taken an assignment of BSA's and any other Protected Party's (to the extent provided for in the Plan) rights and obligations under the Insurance Policies. For any Abuse Claim that the Settlement Trustee determines is an Allowed Abuse Claim pursuant to Article VII above, the Settlement Trustee will determine, based on the relevant Trust Claim Submission and any other information submitted in connection with that submission and in the materials obtained through the Document Obligations, whether any Non-Settling Insurance Company issued coverage that is available to respond to such Claim (an "**Insured Abuse Claim**"). The Settlement Trustee may determine that multiple Non-Settling Insurance Companies have responsibility for an Insured Abuse Claim. The Settlement Trustee shall seek reimbursement for each Insured Abuse Claim that is an Insured Abuse Claim, including the Proposed Allowed Claim Amount, from the applicable Non-Settling Insurance Company(ies) pursuant to the Insurance Policies and applicable law. The Settlement Trustee shall have the ability to exercise all of the rights and interests in the Insurance Policies assigned to the Settlement Trust as set forth in the Plan, including the right to resolve any disputes with a Non-Settling Insurance Company regarding their obligation to pay some or all of an Insured Abuse Claim. The Settlement Trustee will exercise those rights consistent with their duty to preserve and maximize the assets of the Settlement Trust. The Settlement Trustee will have the ability to request further information from Abuse Claimants in connection with seeking reimbursement for Insured Abuse Claims.

**B. Offset.** The liquidated value of any Indirect Abuse Claim paid by the Settlement Trust shall be treated as an offset to or reduction of the full liquidated value of any related Direct Abuse Claim that might be subsequently asserted against the Settlement Trust as being against any Protected Party(ies) whose liability was paid by the Indirect Abuse Claimant.

## ARTICLE XII

### TORT SYSTEM ALTERNATIVE

**B. Supporting Evidence for TDP Tort Election Claims.** TDP Tort Election Claims in the federal courts shall be governed by the rights and obligations imposed upon parties to a contested matter under the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, *provided, however*, that an Abuse Claimant that prosecutes in any court a TDP Tort Election Claim after seeking reconsideration from the Settlement Trust shall not have the right to introduce into evidence to the applicable court any information or documents that (i) were requested by the Settlement Trustee and (ii) were in the possession, custody or control of the Abuse Claimant at the time of a request by the Settlement Trust, but which the Abuse Claimant failed to or refused to provide to the Settlement Trust in connection with the claims evaluation process in these TDP. The Abuse Claimant's responses to requests by the Settlement Trustee for documents or information shall be subject to Rule 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as applicable under the Federal Rules

of Bankruptcy Procedure, and/or any comparable State Rule of Civil Procedure. An Abuse Claimant shall not have the right to disclose any Proposed Abuse Claim Amount received from the Settlement Trust to any court in connection with a Tort Election Claim. Subject to the terms of any protective order entered by a court, the Settlement Trustee shall be permitted to introduce as evidence before a court all information and documents submitted to the Settlement Trust under these TDP, and the Abuse Claimant may introduce any and all information and documents that he or she submitted to the Settlement Trust under these TDP.

**C. Authorization of Settlement Trustee and Settlement Trust Advisory Committee.** The Settlement Trustee may authorize the commencement or continuation of a lawsuit by a Direct Abuse Claimant in any court of competent jurisdiction against the Settlement Trust to obtain the Allowed Claim Amount of a Direct Abuse Claim (a “**STAC Tort Election Claim**” and together with a TDP Tort Election Claim, “**Tort Election Claims**”). STAC Tort Election Claims shall not be required to exhaust any remedies under these TDP before commencing or continuing such lawsuit. No Abuse Claimant may pursue a STAC Tort Election Claim without the prior written approval of the Settlement Trustee in accordance with the Settlement Trust Agreement. Fifty percent (50%) (or less if determined by the Settlement Trustee) of any amounts paid with respect to a judgment for, or a settlement of, a STAC Tort Election Claim by a Non-Settling Insurance Company, as to a policy as to which a Protected Party has assigned relevant insurance rights to the Settlement Trust, shall be paid over to the Settlement Trust.

**D. Tender to Non-Settling Insurance Company.** If an Abuse Claimant is authorized to file suit against the Settlement Trust as provided in Article XII.A and XII.C herein, the Settlement Trustee shall determine, based on the Trust Claim Submission and any other information obtained in connection with that submission and materials received in connection with the Document Obligations, whether any Non-Settling Insurance Company issued coverage that is available to respond to the lawsuit (an “**Insured Lawsuit**”). The Settlement Trustee may determine that there are multiple Non-Settling Insurance Companies that have responsibility to defend an Insured Lawsuit. The Settlement Trustee shall provide notice, and if applicable, seek defense, of any Insured Lawsuit to each Non-Settling Insurance Company from whom the Settlement Trustee determines insurance coverage may be available in accordance with the terms of each applicable Insurance Policy.

**E. Parties to Lawsuit.** Any lawsuit commenced under Article XII of these TDP must be filed by the Abuse Claimant in his or her own right and name and not as a member or representative of a class, and no such lawsuit may be consolidated with any other lawsuit. The Abuse Claimant may assert its Abuse Claim against the Settlement Trust as if the Abuse Claimant were asserting such claim against either the Debtors or another Protected Party and the discharge and injunctions in the Plan had not been issued. The Abuse Claimant may name any person or entity that is not a Protected Party, including Non-Settling Insurance Companies to the extent permitted by applicable law. Abuse Claimants may pursue in any manner or take any action otherwise permitted by law against persons or entities that are not Protected Parties so long as they are not an additional insured or an Insurance Company as to an Insurance Policy issues to the BSA.

**F. Defenses.** All defenses (including, with respect to the Settlement Trust, all defenses that could have been asserted by the Debtors or Protected Parties, except as otherwise provided in



**H. Settlement or Final Judgment.** If the Settlement Trust reaches a global settlement making a Protected Party of a Non-Settling Insurance Company or other person or entity involved in a Tort Election Claim or obtains a final judgment in a suit against such person or entity terminating liability for such person or entity to the Abuse Claimant, the Abuse Claimant shall be entitled to proceed with the Tort Election Claim for any reason (*e.g.*, if there are persons or entities that are not Protected Parties to collect from). Alternatively, the Abuse Claimant can elect to terminate the Tort Election Claim without prejudice and have its Abuse Claim determined through these TDP (*i.e.*, as if no STAC Tort Election Claim had been made), in which event the Abuse Claimant may submit relevant evidence from the Tort Election Claim that the Settlement Trustee shall take into account in evaluating the Abuse Claim under these TDP. Such Abuse Claimant may be provided other alternatives by the Settlement Trust if it had been pursuing a STAC Tort Election Claim.

FCRA00252

**K. Tolling of Limitations Period.** The running of the relevant statute of limitation shall be tolled as to each Abuse Claimant's Abuse Claim against each Protected Party from the earliest of (A) the actual filing of the claim against the Protected Party prior to the Petition Date, whether in the tort system or by submission of the claim to the Protected Party pursuant to an administrative settlement agreement; (B) the tolling of the claim against a Debtor prior to the Petition Date by an agreement or otherwise, provided such tolling is still in effect on the Petition Date; or (C) the Petition Date, and shall continue until one (1) year following release of the Abuse Claim into the tort system hereunder.

**A. Non-Binding Effect of Settlement Trust and/or Litigation Outcome.**

Notwithstanding any other provision of these TDP, the outcome of litigation against the Debtors by the holder of an Indirect Abuse Claim shall not be used in, be admissible as evidence in, binding in or have any other preclusive effect in connection with the Settlement Trust's resolution or valuation of an Indirect Abuse Claim.

FCRA00253

**C. Severability.** Should any provision contained in these TDP be determined to be unenforceable, such determination shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any and all other provisions of these TDP.

**D. Offsets.** The Settlement Trust shall have the right to offset or reduce the Allowed Claim Amount of any Allowed Abuse Claim, without duplication as to the mitigating factors (*e.g.*, as to other responsible parties) on a dollar for dollar basis based on any amounts paid, agreed, or reasonably likely to be paid to the holder of such Claim on account of such Claim as against a Protected Party (or that reduces the liability thereof under applicable law) from any source other than the Settlement Trust.

**E. Governing Law.** These TDP shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the evaluation of Abuse Claims under these TDP and the law governing litigation in the tort system shall be the law of the jurisdiction in which the Abuse Claimant files the lawsuit as described in Article XII or the jurisdiction where such Abuse Claim could have been filed under applicable law.

## Schedule 1

## Schedule 1

Mitigating Scaling Factor Ranges for Statues of Limitation or  
Repose as Mitigating Scaling Factors By StateLegend

<u>Tier</u>	<u>Scaling Factor</u>
Open	1.0
Gray 1	.50-.70
Gray 2	.30-.45
Gray 3	.10-.25
Closed	.01-.10

<u>State</u>	<u>Tier</u>
Alabama	Closed
Kansas	Closed
Oklahoma	Closed
Puerto Rico	Closed
South Dakota	Closed
Utah	Closed
Wyoming	Closed
ZZ / Federal	Closed
Connecticut	Gray 1
DC	Gray 1
Delaware	Gray 1
Georgia	Gray 1
Illinois	Gray 1
Massachusetts	Gray 1
New Mexico	Gray 1
Oregon	Gray 1
Pennsylvania	Gray 1
Washington	Gray 1
Iowa	Gray 2
Minnesota	Gray 2
New Hampshire	Gray 2
North Dakota	Gray 2
Ohio	Gray 2
South Carolina	Gray 2
Tennessee	Gray 2
West Virginia	Gray 2
Alaska	Gray 3

Florida	Gray 3
Idaho	Gray 3
Indiana	Gray 3
Kentucky	Gray 3
Maryland	Gray 3
Michigan	Gray 3
Mississippi	Gray 3
Missouri	Gray 3
Nebraska	Gray 3
Nevada	Gray 3
Rhode Island	Gray 3
Texas	Gray 3
Virgin Islands	Gray 3
Virginia	Gray 3
Wisconsin	Gray 3
Arizona	Open
Arkansas	Open
California	Open
Colorado	Open
Guam	Open
Hawaii	Open
Louisiana	Open
Maine	Open
Montana	Open
New Jersey	Open
New York	Open
North Carolina	Open
Vermont	Open